

The Times

THE COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE CONVENED HERE YESTERDAY.

Los Angeles

ANOTHER GREAT STORM IS NOW RAGING IN THE EASTERN STATES.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

TWELVE PAGES.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1892.

20 O'CLOCK A.M.

PRICE: SINGLE COPIES, 5 CENTS.
BY THE WEEK, 3 CENTS.

STANDARD PIANOS.
THE BEST POSSIBLE VALUE
AT A MODERATE PRICE!

IS TO BE FOUND
IN THE

NEW SCALE

KIRBAL
PIANO

BEAUTIFUL IN TONE
AND FINISH!

EACH ONE FULLY
WARRANTED!

BARTLETT'S
MUSIC
HOUSE,
103 North Spring St.

AMUSEMENTS,
SANTA BARBARA FLORAL FESTIVAL ASSOCIATION—

GRAND

FLOWER FESTIVAL

AND—

BATTLE OF FLOWERS

PROGRAMME:

TUESDAY, APRIL 19.

Horticultural Display at the Pavilion, afternoon
and evening.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20.

Floral Procession of Decorated Vehicles, and
Battle of Flowers. Awarding of prizes for the
most beautiful decorations.

THURSDAY, APRIL 21.

Excursions. In the evening, Grand Floral Ball
in the Pavilion.

FRIDAY, APRIL 22.

Grand Tournament on the Fair Grounds. Feats
of Horsemanship, consisting of picking up purses
and coins, fancy riding by vaqueros, etc.

SATURDAY, APRIL 23.

Closing ceremonies.

It is the intention of the Association to reproduce the "Bataille de Fleurs," the
most attractive feature of the Carnival at Nice, which attracts thousands of pleasure-
seekers. In a word, it will be the most beautiful Floral Display and Festival ever held
on this Continent.

The railroad lines and steamship companies will sell tickets to and from the
Festival at reduced rates.

E. W. GATY, Secretary. ROWLAND HAZARD, President

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
MOLAIN & LEHMAN, Managers.

RETURN ENGAGEMENT OF THE EVER POPULAR

GRAND OPERA COMPANY
(Incorporated)
Charles E. Lockett, Director.

— IN THREE GRAND PERFORMANCES —

Monday, April 4, Verdi's *La Traviata*. Tuesday, April 5, Verdi's *Rigoletto*; or, *The Fool's Revenge*. Wednesday, April 6, Gounod's *Homes and Juliet*. Popular prices, \$1.50, \$1.75 cents and 50 cents.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
Under the direction of Al Hayman,
MOLAIN & LEHMAN, Managers.

THREE NIGHTS AND MATINEE.

COMMENCING THURSDAY, APRIL 7.

WILLIAM GILLETTE'S
GREATEST COMEDY.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME.

Original Company, Scenery, Accessories.

NEW LOS ANGELES THEATER
H. C. WYATT, Manager.

— THE GREAT MUSICAL EVENT —

APRIL 11 AND 12.

OO V VHD D EEE
OO V VHD D EEE
OO V VHD D EEE
OO V VHD D EEE

Supported by a Magnificent Company of Euro-
pean Artists.

Seats on sale Monday, April 4.

HAZARD'S PAVILION—

Under the management of H. C. Wyatt.

THURSDAY & FRIDAY NIGHTS, APRIL 7 & 8.

The Raging Success—Society Turn Out
in Force.

— THE GREAT —

— CAKE WALK —
— And Colored Jubilee! —

Over one hundred participants.

\$1000. WORTH \$1000.
Jubilee singing of old, every song by
accomplished colored singers.

Buzzard Hoop Wing Dancing.

Esence of "Old Virginia."

And other dances.

Admittance, 50c. Reserved seats, 25c extra.

Gallery, 25c.

THE UNBURIED DEAD.

Ladies Especially Invited.

GOOD MUSIC IN ATTENDANCE.

Doors open at 8:30; Lecture 7:30.

Admittance 10c and 25c.

The Shilling Player

They will produce Monday and Tuesday the
Comedy Drama "SIR SIMON SIMPLE."

Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday.

POPULAR PRICES.

D. F. U. V.—

ELEVENTH ANNIVERSARY

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL OF THE

GERMAN LADIES' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY,

Monday Evening, April 18, 1892.

At Turnerville Hall.

Admission—Gentlemen and lady, \$1.50; gen-
tlemen, \$1.25; lady, 50 cents.

C. S. TRAPHAGEN'S

NEW HAMMAM BATH

230 S. Main St.

LADIES TURKISH BATH

Open 5 a.m. to 6 p.m.

GENTLEMEN'S BATH

Open Night and Day

IDEAS

RED FOILED.

A Dynamite Plot in Madrid Thwarted.

An Attempt Made to Blow Up the Chamber of Deputies.

Two Anarchists Caught with Bombs in their Hands.

Other Foreign News—Deeming will Plead Insanity—Mrs. Montague Sentenced to One Year's Imprisonment—A Coolie's Impression.

By Telegraph to The Times.

MADRID, April 4.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Great excitement was caused today by the discovery of an Anarchist plot to blow up the Chamber of Deputies. The police had received information that two foreign Anarchists were conspiring with Spanish Anarchists to blow up public buildings. This afternoon the suspects, a Frenchman named Duvau and a Portuguese named Furiera, left their houses, each carrying a parcel wrapped in newspapers. The police watched them. At the Cortes building both placed themselves before the door leading to the Chamber of Deputies. The police then decided to arrest them. They had incendiary bombs inclosed in cast-iron cases, each having a three-minute fuse. The bombs weighed eight pounds each.

The prisoners, who had the appearance of workmen, were conveyed to the Ministry of the Interior and searching examined. Documents were found on them containing the orders of the Cosmopolitan Society, according to which they were to blow up the Chamber of Deputies, the Senate, War courts, Council of State, Ministry of War, Royal palaces and Bank of Spain in the order named, the work to be completed before May 1.

Each prisoner made a confession, but it is not known whether they gave a clew to their fellow conspirators or the scope of their plots.

The prisoners admit connection with the Paris anarchists.

BRUSSELS, April 4.—Two dynamite cartridges exploded today in a frame house occupied by the foreman of the mine Seraing. The house was considerably damaged, but no one was injured.

MRS. MONTAGUE SENTENCED.

Given One Year at Hard Labor for Killing Her Child.

DUBLIN, April 4.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Mrs. Montague, charged with cruelty toward her children and causing the death of one of them by tying her up by her hands in such a way that she was strangled to death, has been found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to imprisonment for one year at hard labor.

Counsel for defense asked the jury to avoid the influence of the savage outcry against the prisoner. She might have made a mistake in correcting her children under the stern idea of duty, but that was without criminality. The prisoner wept copiously as her counsel proceeded to make a sympathetic appeal to the jury. He said she was the greatest sufferer by the death of her children and she was also about to become a mother—her eighth child.

The verdict was accompanied with a recommendation to mercy on the ground that the prisoner had acted under a mistaken sense of duty.

Dramatic Result of a Strike.

LONDON, April 4.—The effects of the coal miners' strike in Durham promise most disastrous results. Coal in the large factories is almost gone and soon many failures of well-known firms are expected. All berths on the river Tyne are filled with idle vessels. Coal yards upon which whole communities depend for a living are idle. There is a grave crisis in trade and industry in the north of England.

Argentine Excitement Cooling Down.

Buenos Ayres, April 4.—Excitement in consequence of the Radical attempt to overthrow the government is quieting. The decisive action of the authorities in ordering large detachments to the city put a damper on revolution. No further trouble is anticipated.

Floods in New South Wales.

SYDNEY (N. S. W.), April 4.—Heavy floods are prevailing. The Lismore River has overflowed its banks, sweeping away houses and destroying crops. Several persons were drowned.

Investigating the "Sweating" System.

MELBOURNE, April 4.—Deeming's solicitor will interpose as a defense for his client a plea of insanity, and has telegraphed to England for evidence of Deeming's madness when a boy.

Coolies Massacred.

CALCUTTA, April 4.—Ushers raiding in the rear of the British columns surprised a party working for an English tea planter and massacred thirty-eight coolies, besides capturing others. The English family escaped.

War in Dahomey.

PARIS, April 4.—Government advises from Porto Novo, Dahomey, that the natives are advancing with large reinforcements. It is expected they will attack Porto Novo today.

Rumored Disaster on the Black Sea.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 4.—It is reported that a steamer on the Black Sea with 200 passengers was lost with all on board. The steamer was greatly overloaded.

A Missing Boating Party.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—Yesterday afternoon five boys, named Peter Connolly, James Adams, James Hines, Edward Hathaway and Willie Pierce, paid a visit to Long Bridge and secured boat and were soon paddling about the waters of the bay. There was quite a breeze blowing, and when night began

to come on the boys had not returned. A searching party was made up, but up to late hour no trace of them had been found.

ATTACKED BY SAILORS.

ANOTHER GREAT STORM IS NOW RAGING IN THE EASTERN STATES.

MORE STORMS.

Tornadoes Again Sweep Over Kansas.

Many Dwellings Wrecked and a Few Persons Killed.

An Illinois Village Almost Obliterated by a Cyclone.

A Furious Blizzard Raging in Nebraska and the Dakotas—Deep Snow and Heavy Gales in Colorado—Train Blocked.

By Telegraph to The Times.

KANSAS CITY, April 4.—[By the Associated Press.] A storm of great intensity prevailed last night in Kansas and Western Missouri. Telegraph wires, only partially restored, were again laid to the ground. Advices are meager. As far as known they are as follows:

At Cherryvale, Kan., six houses were destroyed and two people killed.

At Burlington 100 houses had windows broken by hail and much damage was done fruit trees and crops. The hail-stones are said to have been eight inches in circumference.

There was a similar storm at Emporia and much damage at Fort Scott. Many roofs were blown away. Stables were demolished and outhouses blown down. Several people were painfully injured, but there was no loss of life.

At Garland nearly every window in the town was smashed and crops in the surrounding country were greatly damaged.

At Bosworth six houses were demolished in the path of the storm.

The storm besides being similar to a tornado was accompanied by a waterspout, which flooded all the creeks. Waukon Creek is out of its bed. The roads are inundated and fields for miles under water. Crops are entirely washed out and farmers will be obliged to replant.

Advices from all over Kansas report the prevalence of a gale and grave accounts of damage, which, however, are confined in all cases to leveled buildings, broken windows and signs and wrecked roofs.

In this city the wind blew a hurricane during the entire afternoon, and schools were dismissed, but there was no cyclone and the damage was slight.

CHERRYVALE (Kan.), April 4.—A mile east of here last night a tornado demolished half a dozen houses and killed two persons, names unknown.

Dexter, Cowley county, is also reported to have suffered by the wind. The barometer is falling and another storm is looked for. An inky cloud is said to be hanging over the southwest of Arkansas.

BLIZZARD RAGING.

A Cold Wave in Nebraska and the Dakotas—Deep Snow.

SR. PAUL, April 4.—Dispatches from the Northwest tell of severe snowstorms. Snow is prevailing with great force in the Dakotas. At Redfield, S. D., tonight a genuine blizzard is raging. Moisture has already retarded seedling ten days and this will set it back more.

OMAHA (Neb.), April 4.—Reports from Western and Central Nebraska and South Dakota show that a severe blizzard is in progress. The mercury fell 40° in three hours at Grand Ledge, and a norther is prevailing with the worst snowstorms of the season along the Burlington in the Black Hills. At Alliance, Neb., trains are snowed in. A heavy snowstorm is raging between Valentine and Chadron and Seneca in Eastern Colorado. Wires are down in nearly all directions and trains are delayed. There is a blockade in the northwest.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO PARTIES DESIRING TO ENGAGE in a manufacturing business, whereby the unemployed can obtain useful and productive work, this company will supply power for all purposes, at a cost not greater than the average in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, and of the West. Individuals desirous of becoming the manufacturer of hoseery and other knit goods, tanneries, shot factories, factories for producing pearl goods and similar goods, foundries, machine works, etc., etc. Good buildings at reasonable rents. Correspondence and interviews on this subject. Address THE CALIFORNIA ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, T. S. Lowe, President.

HELL AND DEATH ARE NEVER FULL, and the heart of man is never satisfied as long as he lives. We have a large stock of hardware that we are bound to sell; builders are especially requested to look at same. We have \$2000 worth of hardware furniture that will sell at lowest possible prices. W. W. DOUGLAS, 426 and 424 S. Main st.

HEADQUARTERS FOR GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS, all school lands, notable public, WISEMAN'S LAND BUREAU, 221 W. First st.

MRS. GILMAN—MATERIALIZING circles Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 467 N. Pearl st., 1 block north of Temple.

MASSAGE TREATMENT BY AN American lady; hours, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. 449 S. SPRING st., room 18, second flight.

LADIES' AND GENTS' HATS cleaned, dyed and reshaped, CALIFORNIA STRAW WORKS, 264 S. Main st.

NEW AND SECOND HAND BOOKS. FOWLER & COLWELL 111 W. 26 st.

FIRE INSURANCE.

JOHN T. GRIFFITH. (Successor to Allis & Snyder, Representing HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO. of Hartford, PALATINE INSURANCE CO. of England, 139 S. Broadway.)

BARLOW TYPEWRITERS— for rent on trial, with privilege of applying rental on purchase. ELIAS LONGLEY, Agent, 211 W. First st.

THE LONGLEY INSTITUTE OF SHORT-HAND is thorough, practical and reliable. SPRING AND FIRST STS.

WANTS.

PETTY & HUMMEL'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY. In Basement, Bryson-Bonebrake Block, 207 W. Second st. Open 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

Help Wanted—Male.

WANTED—A PARTNER, MAN OR WOMAN, to furnish capital for enlarging prosperous hotel business; particulars address 2, box 38, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY A MAN OF EXPERIENCE

With a few hundred dollars to invest, a position with a responsible man preferring a partner to help. Address PARTNER, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTS.

Situations Wanted—Female.

WANTED—BY A GENTLE-WOMAN, A position as companion to an elderly or invalid lady, or as governess to young children; references exchanged. Address E. A. B. CHY

WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS DRESS-MAKER from San Francisco, engagements in families by the day; the latest designs, with perfect fit guaranteed. 3214 W. FOURTH st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DRESS-MAKER wishes a few more engagements in families; st. guaranteed. MONTROSE, 408 S. Main, room 20.

WANTED—A POSITION BY A HOUSE-KEEPER, or for general housework, also nurse, etc. Room 6, MOFFATT HOUSE, 609 S. Second st.

WANTED—GIRL WANTS SITUATION

To do second work, without washing. Call at 1042 GEORGIA BELL st.

WANTED—To Purchase.

WANTED—FOR CASH, 40 ACRES LAND, unimproved, sheltered from the north, with water, fit for lemons, oranges, olives, in San Bernardino or San Diego, with all price division details; no agent need apply. Address BERTIE CLARKE, P. O. Bakerfield, Kern Co.

WANTED—WE HAVE A DEMAND FOR

real estate, price of moderate value, and would be pleased to have upon our list a few desirable bargains; we can sell such property if left with us. GRIFFIN & BILLINGS, 139 S. Broadway.

WANTED—A MODERN AND WELL-located residence for a cash customer, value \$5000 to \$8000; also for another buyer, a home that can be purchased for \$4000 on credit. Railroad constructed 1880, town of Eddy terminus. Call at 1820 E. H. WILLIAMS, 37 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES ALFALFA LAND near city to exchange for city property.

Nice cottage on Crown Hill to exchange for property near Sixth st. Park, will pay difference.

Good fruit lands, improved and unimproved, in large or small areas, for cash. Address WISEMAN'S LAND BUREAU, 221 W. First st.

WANTED—TO BUY A SMALL DRUG STORE. Address Z, box 70, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—Partners.

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WANTED—5 LADIES OR GENTLEMEN to introduce a new method of sketching; price will be made easy. Call at STUDIO, 35 S. Broadway.

Help Wanted—Male and Female.

WANTED—OUR SECOND-HAND GOODS for highest cash values at DOUGLAS, 422 and 424 S. Main st.

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PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.

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MARIAN OTIS.....Secretary.
C. C. ALLEN.....Office: Times Building.
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"WHERE TO FIND THINGS"
(In the 8-page sheet.)

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS—1st, 4th and 5th pages.

EDITORIAL NEWS—6th and 7th pages, mainly.

"SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA"—7th page.

"BUSINESS" (Financial and Commercial)—3d page.

ADVERTISEMENTS—Classified, 1st, 2d and 3d pages. Banks, Lines of Transportation, etc., 3d page. Display, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th pages.

In the 12-page sheet the local news will be found mainly in Part II; also the Commercial and Financial.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

AT THE OPERAHOUSE—Il Trovatore.

AT THE THEATER—Sir Simon Simple.

"VETERAN" makes some just observations relative to the "Express" and its inflated editor.

WHAT of the next United States Senator? May not Southern California figure in the race?

No Bering Sea jingoism will appear in the Minneapolis convention to "whoop up" the President's candidacy. No.

COL. DUDLEY loves Mr. Harrison with a consuming love, and stays up o' nights to do it. So does "Charles F. Murchison" of Pomona.

WHEN Matt Quay returns from Florida and Clarkson reappears upon the scene the mobilization of the anti-Harrison Republican forces will begin. Then "look a leetle out" Benjamin!

A LETTER of great interest from Washington is printed this morning. It relates to the publication of that extensive Government work entitled "The War of the Rebellion; Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies."

MAJOR WILLIAM MCKINLEY, Jr., embodies in his own person, more than any other American statesman, the great idea of protection to American industries, upon which line the Republicans must fight the impending political battle.

Some salty remarks on the subject of second and third Presidential terms, made by one of the early Presidents—William Henry Harrison by name—are in store and will be trotted out in the "garish light of day" one of these sunny, semi-tropic mornings.

The graceful and graphic historical sketch of Columbus and of Isabel, the Catholic Queen of Spain, by Mrs. Antonio F. Coronel, published in these columns yesterday, has been read with interest. Its fiction is fine and it constitutes a valuable addition to the records of the Historical Society.

THE sending of John Sherman to the Minneapolis convention by the Republicans of Ohio would be a striking and appropriate thing to do. Mr. Sherman is claimed for Harrison, but when it comes to the test we anticipate that he will be found in the camp of his friend and loyal supporter, Maj. McKinley.

THE gathering of the Republican storm over the head of President Harrison is described in a graphic letter to the Chicago Herald. The portents are ominous, and if the opposition to him can be concentrated before the meeting of the Minneapolis convention, his way to a renomination will be made difficult.

COL. SWORDS of Washington (sergeant-at-arms of the National Republican Committee) now in Southern California, has been feeling his way westward, with one eye on Minneapolis and the other on the incumbent of the White House. Col. Swords will report back to Chairman Clarkson on the aspects of the field.

THE authorities of Hocking county, Ohio, are already devoting their attention to "the Salt Creek pike question." It is a little early in the season, but a great many people (principally Democrats) will want to go that way pretty soon, and, if the navigation of the creek is not good, there will be no objection to their taking the pike. Yes, it had better be put in repair.

A new paper called "The Industrial Age" (weekly) appeared last Saturday in the city. It is a creditable-looking quarto of 48 columns, filled with industrial intelligence, skillfully compiled. The tone and contents of the paper indicate a purpose on the part of the conductors to handle industrial subjects upon their merits, without narrowness, bigotry, prejudice, ignorance, dishonesty, or venom. There is room in California for such a journal.

THE Stockton Mail very properly concludes that the board of Railroad Commissioners in this State is an expensive fifth wheel to the vehicle of State. Experience proves that it is impossible to elect a board that will not fall under the influence of the railroad company, which is a sad reflection upon the prevailing morality in official life in this State. If the railroad company is able to control two out of every three commissioners that the people elect the mail thinks it would be cheaper if not better to do away with the board and let the railroad transact its business with the Legislature. We could have a change of Legislature every two years and might some time by chance get an honest one, but a dishonest Railroad Commission is saddled upon the State for four years. It seems to be high time for a change.

"ALONG THE KITE-SHAPED TRACK."

Twenty-page Special Illustrated Number of The Times.

LOS ANGELES, March 27, 1892.

OUR SPECIAL KITE-SHAPED TRACK NUMBER, issued this day, describing the towns and country along the line of the Santa Fe Railway in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and Orange counties, consists of twenty pages of fresh descriptive and statistical matter, news, literature and advertisements, and is altogether a unique and interesting publication, "reeling with information." Price 5 cents; \$3.00 per hundred; 20 copies, \$1.00. Mailed to any address from this office, postage free.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Fruit Shipments—Some interesting Figures.

We have before us a pamphlet embodying the proceedings of the California State Board of Trade at its session on March 8. Besides a report of the routine business transacted there are papers from Gen. N. P. Chipman on the fruit industries of California, and on the rivers and harbors of the State. Both are valuable documents. That on fruit interests is especially interesting, as it gives comparative tables of shipments from Northern and Southern California, the dividing point being Tehachapi.

Comparative Shipments, *per North and South California*—1891.

FRUIT SHIPMENTS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Pounds. Pounds.

Green deciduous. 77,266,000 21,414,100

Dried. 55,668,000 9,422,221

Raisins. 35,484,000 9,470,850

Nuts. 900,000 1,723,560

Canned. 44,896,000 4,670,680

Deciduous 5—

Total by rail. 214,214,000 46,701,410

Total by sea.... 10,087,214

233,301,214

Citrus by rail.... 98,000 93,764,800

Total by sea and rail.... 220,535,440 140,466,210

Thus it appears that about 85 per cent. of the deciduous fruit went from Northern California, while practically all of the citrus fruits went from Southern California.

Compared with the shipments of 1890 it appears that there was a falling off in canned fruit amounting to 776 carloads. But there was an increase of green and citrus fruits combined amounting to 2801 carloads. This, it should be borne in mind, was an advantage over what was considered a phenomenal year (1890), when California crops were abundant and there was almost a total failure of fruits in the East. "The lesson of these figures," Gen. Chipman says, "is an important one," and he adds:

If this fruit had gone to the canners at the usual prices it would have relieved the necessity of excessive green fruit shipments at smaller profits. But the canners could not contract to sell sufficient of their goods at remunerative prices in the East, and this arose from the large fruit crop there. The prices were so high that the only luxuriant rich could buy, and this drove the general consumers to resort to substitutions in 1891.

This board has made commendable efforts to extend our dried fruit and canned fruit markets into the United Kingdom, and if these efforts had been successful or more adequately made by the fruit-growers and dealers, who would have prepared by another year to extend our markets to other countries than our Eastern States, and where prices would be even more favorable.

Our fruit-growers must give more intelligent attention to the markets to which they must expect recourse in 1892.

We kind of doubt that the United Kingdom and the continent would constantly increase the consumption, and, together with our own markets, take all the fruit we are likely to grow for many years, and I think always; but we must introduce and push our goods, if we would sell them. We had to seek even our own Eastern markets and push ourselves into them; and so we must elsewhere.

The canned fruits shipped by sea in 1891 amounted to 15,228,440 pounds, or 761 carloads. Of this 172,078 cases went to England, none went to France and only 8 cases to Germany.

Canned fruits show a decrease for the preceding year of 1527 carloads.

There was also a decrease in the shipments of dried fruits, other than raisins and prunes.

The figures are:

Increase carloads.

Prunes.... 645

Raisins.... 196

All dried fruits.... 24

Green fruits (other than citrus).... 1529

Citrus.... 1273

Nuts.... 52

A small increase (7050 pounds) is noted in figs.

In the shipment of dried fruits the North gained about 875 carloads, while the South lost about 928 carloads.

The South produces about all of the walnuts and the North about all of the almonds.

The South lost 6,054,150 pounds in raisin shipments and the North gained 8,884,520 pounds. The increase was nearly all in the Fresno district.

The shipments of citrus fruits are given in detail as follows:

Shipments From Boxes. Cars.

Los Angeles county.... 32,971 2,213

San Bernardino county.... 487,882 1,708

Orange county.... 147,332 516

Ventura county.... 19,475 68

San Diego county.... 18,861 66

Santa Barbara county.... 6,478 23

Total.... 1,312,098 4,593

This shows less than the actual total.

The increase of 35 per cent. gain in one year shows a very rapid increase.

In the North the increase does not show by shipments east, for the reason that the home market absorbs so much more than the output. But the industry is in a hopeful condition at the points where plantings have been made in considerable areas. The plantations

are yet young, but are steadily increasing.

Gen. Chipman says:

The fruit-growing industry is increasing very rapidly; but a serious and ever present difficulty is the marketing of our products. Our growers seem to be lending all their energies to produce new orchards, while only a few stop to consider the market. In the sense that wheat is an article of food, fruit is not; although it is fast becoming a necessity in well-to-do families everywhere. It is a fruit which will stand long storage and long voyages, but fruit will not. The greatest needs at this moment to permanent success are intelligent and adequate methods to reach consumers. We already know that the people want our fruit; we don't yet know the best way to place it within their reach. We have to find a market for it, and that can be relied upon to aid in extending our markets. But we must go to them with intelligent exhibits of the business as a whole, and show them the importance of maintaining it at profitable rates to the grower.

There is no doubt in my mind that a fruit-growing industry can be established in California, but the cost of shipping fruit from San Francisco to St. Louis, or asphaltum from Fresno to New York for even less, can haul fruit for less than \$1.00 per hundred pounds when the business requires it. But it will not be done so long as the transportation companies have reason to believe that fruit-growers are making enormous profits at present rates.

The fruit-growers have created for the transportation companies, in ten years, an annual tonnage of over 17,000 carloads of eastbound fruits, and there has been practically no freight displaced in doing this; it is substantially all gain to the railroad companies. In 1891 we raised the largest amount of fruit for ten years.

So important a factor as this in railroad business cannot escape the observant men at the head of our railroad interests. They have shown this by reductions from \$1.00 a car to New York City, the present rate. I am satisfied, however, that the industry now reaches a still further concession, and I also satisfied that the same can be obtained by an intelligent and business-like presentation of the needs of fruit-growers.

We can give the railroad companies 30,000 carloads annually, if they will let us, and that in a very few years.

We predict that our fruit shipments for 1892 will reach 20,000 carloads and I would not be surprised if they went to 22,000 carloads; and with wine and brandy added we may reach 28,000 carloads.

REV. DR. PARKHURST of New York city is a preacher who believes in active and aggressive Christianity. When, in a sermon preached five weeks ago, he denounced the Tammany government of New York for standing in with law-breaking in almost every form, he was met with the objection that he uttered only glittering generalities. Then he went out "slumming" on his own account, and he set five detectives at work looking up specifications. He even gathered points on some of the Tammany leaders themselves. In his sermon delivered on the 18th inst., to the surprise of many of the congregation, sat the company of women of "a class almost too disreputable to be even named in this presence." As a result of the researches of himself and his detectives Dr. Parkhurst announced that he had legal evidence in the shape of affidavits against a long array of law-breakers. He gave a report of 254 saloons found open in violation of law, and 2488 people found present therein. He is stirring up the police department with a hot poker, and promises to lead a campaign against Tammany and Satan which will do the city of New York some good.

WITH THE United States cruiser Charleston and the French man-of-war Champion already in port at San Diego, and the Baltimore and Boston soon to arrive the San Diegans are promised a season of conviviality such as they have not enjoyed for a long time. And the average San Diegan will be in fine trim for conviviality, swelled up with pride over the fact that there are four war-ships on hand at the same time and no war. The proud attitude of the ancient Continental, who stands for the "Patri" cigar, fairly represents the average Bay-climate man some good.

As a part of the Santa Clara county exhibit at the World's Fair Dr. Mintle, superintendent of the county commission, proposes to plant upon the grounds, to be close at hand, while our olive orchards will furnish oil with which to put up the products.

The choice seats were all occupied at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon when Baliff Apel raised the curtain at Justice Austin's regular Monday audience. J. J. Baliff was the first to step to the front. He was followed up on Alameda street by Officer Kahn. To the Court Hall said:

"If it please Your Honor, I am subject to fits. I was in the county hospital for a long time, and it affects me even to see a drunken man on the street. I am a teacher."

"You see when I was in the Forty-seventh Regiment Gov—"

But at this moment an old comrade shut off further reminiscences by leading the old soldier out of the courtroom.

"Thank you," remarked the battle-scared veteran, as he took a seat just made vacant by the District Attorney. "I was about to say to you, Judge, that—"

"Oh, we'll go home," shouted the bailiff.

"You see when I was in the Forty-seventh Regiment Gov—"

But this was in a hypothetical case: The Penal Code, sec. 261, provides that a female of the age of 14 may consent to cohabit with any man, and when such consent is deliberate it is nobody's business, and so act has been done which affects the peace and the dignity of the person. But as it has not been done by a man who shall not be permitted to conceal her disgrace by honorable marriage. She must now take up a meretricious relation or "go to the dogs" by the force of circumstances and the requirements of the law. In this dilemma they sometimes take themselves to the high seas and the "alien law" is evaded somewhere off Santa Catalina.

There is but little practical common sense in the statute that fixes the age of consent at one standard and that of license to wed at another.

P. W. D.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Olive Oil—Tin—Sardines—A Triple Alliance.

BOSTON, April 4.—(To the Editor of The Times.) It was stated that there was an open meeting at Catalina for sardine cannery. We reasonably expect that in the near future California will reap the rich profits of that industry, as her shores teem with those fishes of excellent quality, and with the establishment of plants thereon at Tresidder's the tin for the cans will be close at hand, while our olive orchards will furnish oil with which to put up the products.

JOHN S. CALKINS.

"Fitz."

LOS ANGELES, April 4.—(To the Editor of The Times.) The following coarse and unfeeling slurs upon an old soldier, were printed by Mr. Osborne in the Evening Express of yesterday:

The choice seats were all occupied at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon when Baliff Apel raised the curtain at Justice Austin's regular Monday audience. J. J. Baliff was the first to step to the front. He was followed up on Alameda street by Officer Kahn. To the Court Hall said:

"If it please Your Honor, I am subject

MALIGNING SAN PEDRO.

San Diego's Underhand Attempt to Influence Congress.

The Glaring Misstatements of "Civil Engineer" Benjamin McLaren."

Who Viciously Attacks Los Angeles County's Harbor Prospects.

Claims a Dozen Railroads for San Diego and Gives None to San Pedro—A Tissue of Falsehoods.

In the railroad column of this paper Sunday reference was made to a circular which has been secretly distributed among the Congressmen at Washington viciously attacking San Pedro Harbor and praising that of San Diego. Copies of this circular were, surreptitiously placed upon the desk of every Senator and member of Congress, and, though the falsity of the statements made by it should be palpable, it has made an unfavorable impression upon those who might have been expected to aid in advancing the interests of the harbor.

Though no one here knows the man whose name is signed to the malicious document—if, indeed, he is not wholly mythical—the parentage of the screed can be charged to San Diego. This could not have been made more apparent had it been signed by the officials, trustees, Board of Trade and the stevedores of that city. To show to what extremes long fostered malice and jealousy can go, the circular will be reprinted in *The Times*, giving it a publicity greater than its authors had hoped for, and placing it before readers who are able to see in it a continuous tissue of falsehood. To those who are friends of San Pedro and yet are not unfriendly to San Diego's interests, it will be a revelation to learn what underhand tactics are being practiced to injure the Los Angeles county harbor.

A MAP, TOO.

The circular was accompanied by a map which shows numerous "proposed" railroad lines radiating from San Diego to the east and northeast, with indicated distances to hoped-for connections. These mythical lines climb right over or through the mountains with a reckless abandon which is easier to the men who make railroads on paper than to those who undertake to construct them of tangible steel, iron and wood. To the able "civil engineer" who made the map and the circular San Diego's back country was like a level prairie, where railroads could be laid like the meshes of a spider web, and he expected to have a proportion of the Congressmen in Washington believe him. Not content with giving San Diego what he will not get in the next thousand years, this person omits to mark the two lines of railroad which are in operation between Los Angeles and San Pedro, making it appear from his map that there is absolutely no communication between the points named. But to one who can trifl with truth as he has done it is easy to distort the geography of Southern California. Following is the full text of THE CIRCULAR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States: An effort is about to be made by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company to obtain a large appropriation from this Congress for the purpose of making a harbor in the Bay of San Pedro. On the southwest coast of California in the vicinity of Los Angeles, I wish to call your attention to some facts relating to this matter:

The Government has already expended about \$1,000,000 in the attempt to make a harbor in this bay and yet the large share of this expenditure has amounted to nothing, and the breakwater which has been built is subject to destruction by any great ocean storm. I understand that they propose sinking many millions of dollars in this undertaking. If this expenditure could at any time result in the making of a harbor of any real capacity at San Pedro it would yet be of no real benefit to the people of the United States, for the Southern Pacific Company has contrived to monopolize the whole water front of San Pedro.

San Diego may be nearer Warner's Pass and Jacumba Pass than is San Pedro, but engineers will never run a railroad through either of them.

The Southern Pacific has no monopoly of San Pedro Harbor for the Terminal Railroad Company, a distinctly separate corporation, enjoys equal facilities and there is yet room for another railroad.

If the Southern Pacific Company opposes any Southern California harbor scheme which might injure business at San Francisco, the objection would be as much against San Pedro as San Diego.

That real estate men of Los Angeles are attempting a boom on San Pedro harbor prospects is one of the weakest lies in the lot.

The actual distance by rail from Los Angeles to San Pedro is twenty-two miles by the Southern Pacific, and about twenty-four by the Terminal road, but why this fact should prove that Los Angeles people do not expect a deep water harbor at San Pedro is not apparent. Both places were started years before engineering skill made big projects easy of accomplishment, and before commercial interests called attention to the importance of any such enterprise.

The reports of competent engineers refute the statements against the feasibility of getting deep water an San Pedro. No one here will say a word against San Diego Bay, which is pretty to look upon and is useful. Los Angeles county can be magnanimous toward San Diego, but cannot easily forgive the uncalled-for malicious statements of "Civil Engineer" Benjamin McLaren."

TO REFUTE THE SLANDER.

The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce will take action upon this circular, and will probably prepare a statement in refutation of the slanders. Though realizing the fact that the lie has got the start, it is hoped that the truth can be made to catch up with it. Private advices from Washington say that the circular has already done much injury, some Congressmen grasping at it as an excuse for not voting the desired aid. The friends of the San Pedro harbor, who did not expect such secret maneuvers, feel that they have lost much ground in their fight for recognition.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Manufacturing Statistics Wanted—A Distinguished Visitor.

The following letter was received from Mr. Bowers by the secretary of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday and fully explains itself. The blank is in the secretary's hands, and persons desiring their names forwarded to the Bureau of American Republics can send them in and have them included in the list:

*BUREAU OF THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23, 1892.*

To the Hon. William W. Bowers, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.—Dear Sir: It will give me pleasure to furnish, on the inclosed slips, the names of the manufacturers in your district who desire to introduce their goods into Mexico, Central and South America and the West Indies, the Bureau of the American Republics will take pleasure in placing them in direct communication with importing merchants in those ports who deal in such merchandise. There is a demand for all forms of provisions and other preserved foods, wearing apparel, ornaments, articles of household use, implements and machinery, vehicles, hardware, cutlery, building materials, drugs and medicines, stationery, toys, novelties, notions and luxuries of all kinds.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant,

WILLIAM E. CURTIS.

Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago visited the Chamber of Commerce exhibit rooms yesterday and seemed well pleased with the display of products.

Licensed to Wed.

Marriage licenses were issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday to the following persons:

George H. Bowers, a native of Indiana, 50 years of age, of Pueblo, Colo., to Sella Arbutnott, a native of Iowa, 23 years of age, of Pueblo.

Manuel Laranceta, a native of France, 25 years of age, of Los Nitos, to Jeanne E. Lelitch, also a native of France, 23 years of age, of this city.

M. L. Talamentes, a native of California, 27 years of age, to Annie M. Leonard, a native of England, 25 years of age; both residents of this city.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

Reports received at the Los Angeles office of the Weather Bureau on April 4. Observations taken at all stations at 5 p. m., 75th meridian time:

Place of Observation	Barom-Temp. eter.	Wind. ture.	State of Weather.
Los Angeles...	29.98	65	Cloudless.
San Diego...	30.00	60	Cloudless.
Fresno...	30.10	60	Cloudless.
Keele...	30.15	60	Cloudless.
San Francisco...	30.15	60	Cloudless.
Sacramento...	30.16	64	Cloudless.
Red Bluff...	30.20	64	Cloudless.
Eureka...	30.24	62	Cloudless.
Portland...	30.25	64	Cloudless.

The cover will be of fine heavy paper,

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Regular Monthly Meeting Held Last Evening—Important Business Transacted. The Historical Society held its regular monthly meeting in Judge Austin's courtroom last evening. The attendance was quite large.

Oscar Macy, F. M. Ward, R. C. Glover, Hon. Cornelius Cole, Mrs. Caroline M. Severance, Juan Robarts and G. H. Bell were elected members.

The names of eight candidates were proposed for membership.

Resolutions changing the by-laws were postponed to the next regular meeting.

Mr. Dorland offered a resolution asking the appointment of a committee of the Historical Society to cooperate with the Ruskin Art Society and other societies in calling a meeting under the auspices of this society to consider the subject of the old missions, their history, restoration and, if possible, to arrange for a series of excursions to different missions. C. P. Dorland, Gen. John Mansfield, Rev. José Adams and Miss T. L. Kelso were appointed on the committee.

Mrs. M. Burton Williamson was authorized to arrange and edit the papers read at the society's meeting at Don Antonio Coronel's, giving the history of the various woman's clubs and societies in the city.

A vote of thanks was given to Don Antonio and Mrs. Coronel for the kindness and hospitality shown the society and its invited guests at the open meeting of last Monday evening at their house. A vote of thanks was also given to Capt. Barrett, superintendent of the electric railroad, for running the cars to a late hour to accommodate the visitors to Don Antonio Coronel's; also to Dr. Alter for the use of his views of the missions.

A committee consisting of Mr. Dorland, Mr. Guinan and Miss Kelso was appointed to report upon the financial condition of the society.

Adjudged to meet the first Monday in May.

A MAN OF MANY ALIASES.

Young Brooks Showing up in a very Unenviable Light.

*The young fellow, James Brooks, alias Dunn, alias Dunning, arrested at San Francisco for personating an officer and tampering with the mails, an account of which was printed in *The Times* yesterday, appears to be a much worse individual than was at first supposed. The police, in searching his rooms, discovered that he had been practicing forgery, and further that there had evidently been attempts at blackmail.*

Another thing that the search disclosed was that Brooks is, and always has been, a great lady's man. A clipping found on the wall contains this information:

"The engagement is announced of Miss Parthenia West of Los Angeles to Charles W. Dunning of Oakland. Miss West is the daughter of Hon. George West of Los Angeles, and is now visiting her aunt on Webster street in Oakland."

A typewritten message to a morning paper, evidently a copy of an original, contained the information, with the request that it should be published, that "Miss Clara E. Burk, daughter of the well-known capitalist of Cheyenne," was engaged to Clarence W. Dunn. There were also several letters from various parts of the State, evidently drawn forth by answers to the "old possessing young widow" advertisements which appear in the personal columns of the papers and which it is evident this lynx-eyed secret agent was in the habit of answering.

Several pictures also appeared, one of the hero himself in warlike attire, a big revolver in his hand and a belt of cartridges about his waist. He looked fierce as far as the pistol goes. The other pictures were those of women. The chances of Brooks serving the State are very flattering.

THE WRONG MAN.

Vance Discharged from Custody at San Diego.

This forenoon, says the San Diego Sun of Friday, Attorney Reinholz and E. H. Hendsch, bondsmen for J. B. Vance, who was arrested for setting fire to the St. James Hotel and other lodgings, and held for preliminary examination on Monday next, proceeded to the St. James in company with Mr. Vance for the purpose of having the doctor identify him as the man who was described in the complaint as the one who forcibly prevented him from closing the door of the elevator shaft in which the fire was raging. The moment Dr. Remondino's eyes rested upon Mr. Vance he exclaimed: "No, sir, you are not the man, and do not bear the slightest resemblance to him." To make this matter more binding, as it were, Mrs. Remondino was called into the parlor and fully confirmed her husband's statement that Mr. Vance was not the man described in the complaint, and expressed great regret that the grievous wrong of bringing a man away from his family and placing such a stigma upon his name had been committed upon so frivolous a charge. Thereupon Mr. Reinholz appeared before Justice Sloane at 8 o'clock this morning and moved that the case be dropped and the prisoner discharged, there being absolutely no grounds for holding him, and that by dismissing the case an act of simple justice to a greatly wronged man would be performed.

The District Attorney interposing no objections, Judge Sloane granted the motion, and Mr. Vance left the courtroom with not a cloud upon his character. Much indignation is expressed over the fact that many uncalled-for arrests have been made recently with apparently no other object than that the arresting officer may receive fees and mileage. The matter will not be allowed to drop, as Mr. Vance and his friends are resolved that some one shall be properly punished for this latest outrage.

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The cover will be of fine heavy paper,

the whole forming the largest, latest, and most complete Family Encyclopedia ever produced.

The maps are correctly drawn and beautifully colored by the publishers' celebrated patent process, and are equal to any in the world.

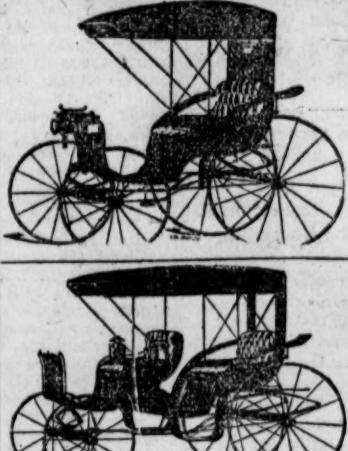
The ordinary price of an atlas alone, containing these maps, would be at least as much as the retail price of an ordinary book of the same size.

The volume is bound in two styles. Handsomely bound in cloth, with gold title, and side stamp, \$15.00. Elegantly bound in half Russia, with gold title, and side stamp, \$16.00.

For further information address

COLUMBUS

Cake will not "dry out" if you use Cleveland's baking powder, but will keep moist and fresh.



BUGGIES

having on its front a fine engraving in colors of some typical Southern California scene. It is proposed to issue a first edition of 50,000 copies, but the book will be stereotyped, so that other editions can be had, if necessary, at a reduced cost. The book will be issued under the authority of the Boards of Trade and Chambers of Commerce of the six counties above named.

The cost of the work will be over \$6000, all of which has been pledged.

Benefit to Billy Shannon.

The numerous friends of Prof. Billy Shannon, late boxing instructor at the Los Angeles Athletic Club, have arranged to tender him a grand testimonial benefit at the Pastime Club on Friday evening next. The programme will include the following set-to's: Frank Purcell vs. "Spider" Gallagher, Billy Maher vs. A. P. Butler, Henry Peppers vs. Jim Conley, Jack Ellwood vs. Young Dennis, Chocolate Jones vs. Jimmy Lawson, George La Blanche vs. Joe Secon, and a six-round wind-up between Billy Shannon and Frank F. Childs, which alone should be worth the price of admission.

HAWLEY, KING & CO.,
164-168 N. Los Angeles St., : : : : : 210-212 N. Main St.

OIL WELL SUPPLIES!

Boilers, Engines, Drilling Ropes, Pipe etc

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.



PASADENA.

Shall the Schools Be Reopened or Closed?

The Simple Question that Confronts the Taxpayers.

Hunting Hereabouts not what it Used to Be.

Gus Williams in "Keppeler's Fortunes"—News Briefly Summed Up—Personal Notes of Interest.

[Branch office, No. 50 East Colorado street; where news, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.]

The school question is what the people are talking most about at present. It resolves itself simply into a question of voting or not voting a special tax of \$10,000, of reopening the schools for another two months or keeping them closed. So far back as the memory of man runneth not to the contrary there have been two school factions in Pasadena, who never fail when the occasion presents itself to strike out at each other straight from the shoulder. Last year when an election was called to vote a special tax to keep the schools running eight months, there was a war on, and now there is "the same thing over again." The Board of Trustees have submitted a lengthy statement which covers the ground pretty thoroughly, showing why an additional \$10,000 is necessary to keep the schools open for longer term. There are citizens who would rather pay double the amount than see the schools close, and there are others who do not hesitate to express their disapprobation of the proposed measure.

One side approves the present administration and is impressed with the importance of keeping the schools open, at all costs; the other side prefers charges of extravagance against the present management, and argues that greater economy must be practiced.

The present crisis is an important one. In voting, the one question at issue should be kept squarely before the mind, and that is whether or not it is worth 10 cents on the dollar to keep the schools open to keep the schools open the full term, so that the past winter's work may not be lost to the pupils. All other questions are side issues at present, which will be affected in no way whatever by the result of next week's election, and this is what the voters want to remember when they cast their ballots.

AN EVENING BLAZE.

An alarm of fire was turned in from box 13, corner of Fair Oaks and Colorado street shortly before 8 o'clock yesterday evening. The department responded promptly, but before they had reached the scene, Henry Seward's stables, which are just across the track from the Terminal station, were ablaze from end to end. Three horses that were kept in the building were led out safely. Some of the horses were destroyed, besides a ton and a half of hay belonging to Mr. Mitchell and several bales of hay belonging to another party, besides a variety of other articles of minor value. The stables were of frame and were located in close proximity to other structures of a combustible character, as well as the Arcade building, one of the largest business houses in the city. Had a high wind been blowing a serious conflagration would probably have resulted. As it was the flames were extinguished before they had spread beyond the stables.

A lantern caused the fire. It was carried by a boy, who went in to feed one of the horses. Not burning well he knocked it several times, and again it burst into flame. This caused the flames to have on his hand, whereupon he dropped the lantern and the fire naturally resulted.

The fire caused genuine excitement, and the people turned out en masse to the scene. Prompt and effective work was done by the department.

NOT WHAT IT USED TO BE.

Speaking of the local hunting club a citizen who came here before the railroads did, when access to Los Angeles was by stage and when this settlement could boast of "one or two" stages, said a few days ago: "Our hunting here is not what it used to be. When I used to hunt we would start off with a party of from eighty to 100, all mounted for the chase. We did not ride over cultivated fields, but over wide stretches of waste land, covered with brush and trees such as live oaks and sycamores. Everybody was at home in the saddle those days and the chase was more exciting than at present."

KEPPELER'S FORTUNES.

Gus Williams, the well-known Dutch comedian, will appear in Keppeler's Fortunes at the opera-house on Friday night. In this piece, which represents the rise of a simple butcher into temporary affluence and his fall into the hard-pressed state in which the rising curtain discovers him. Gus Williams finds many opportunities of amusing an audience.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

The city election is less than a week off. A regular meeting of the Mystic Circle will be held last night.

Dr. Conger's funeral will take place at 10 o'clock this morning.

Have you made up your mind how to vote on the school question?

Tonight the Deseret Skule will be rehearsed at the opera-house.

Pete Stell goes to San Bernardino county today on a short business trip.

A party of five Raymond guests made the ascent of Mt. Wilson yesterday.

The mail and papers from the north arrived twelve hours late yesterday.

The weather yesterday was up to the standard—clear, cool and bracing.

Most of the Pasadena teachers are attending the institute in Los Angeles.

The local hotels and boarding-houses show no signs of a wan winter season.

The W.R.C. ladies are making extensive preparations for their coming flower festival.

Several wedding parties were out yesterday evening enjoying the brisk air and bright sun.

A regular monthly meeting of the Lake Vineyard Water Company was held last night.

A variety of rare wild flowers are displayed in one of the Colorado street store windows.

Miss Hurbut has changed the night of her weekly entertainments from Wednesday to Monday.

Mrs. L. E. Wickens, Miss Winifred Webb and Pearl Wickens are spending a pleasant vacation at Long Beach.

W. E. Arthur, disguised as an antique trustee, will address the members of The Deseret Skule tomorrow night.

Mrs. Winslow very pleasantly entertained a party of friends yesterday evening at her home on Los Robles avenue.

The Deseret Skule was rehearsed last night with a large attendance. The affair will prove the dramatic event of the season.

The improvements at Camp Wilson are being pushed forward rapidly. The camp will open within a few weeks for the summer.

Mr. Bill in a recent photograph of Pasadena has secured a fine view of a snow storm on the mountains. The effect is striking.

Thad Lowe is making a fine trail from the mouth of Rubie Cadon to his camp high

on the mountains. It takes nearly an hour to make the ascent, but Mr. Lowe has made the down trip in as short a time as fifteen minutes.

A service was held last night at the North Pasadena Methodist Episcopal Church. A sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Robinson of Los Angeles.

There was a large attendance at the Choral Society's rehearsal last night and the music was rendered in a highly satisfactory manner.

The regular monthly business meeting of the board of directors of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

As the season nears its close the number of guests at the Raymond diminishes. There are, however, enough left at the house to keep things lively.

Superintendent Brown is doing good work in filling up the streets in the business part of town with dirt hauled from the new Lake Vineyard reservoir.

The members of Co. B went through a competitive drill at the armory last night. The Deseret Skule opened its doors to the public.

The ladies of the Methodist Church of South Pasadena wish to extend their thanks to those who so kindly assisted them in the presentation of The Queen of Flame.

"The man who isn't happy in this country, provided his liver is in good order, is either an idiot or a crank," was the remark of a well-known physician yesterday.

Tickets on sale at Suesserott's for The Deseret Skule performance at the opera-house tomorrow night. Popular prices will prevail.

The best seat in the house can be bought for \$1.00.

At the last annual meeting of the Pasadena Improvement Company the following officers were elected: President, L. J. Rose; vice-president, P. M. Green; secretary, A. B. Manahan; treasurer, First National Bank.

A telegram was received here yesterday afternoon announcing the serious illness of H. O. Manahan, a son of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Manahan at Stanford University, where he is now a student. Mrs. Manahan left for the north last night.

The ladies have again given up the idea of holding a mass-meeting tonight to be addressed by visiting educators in the interest of the special school tax. This is wise. It is a matter of discussion of which should be confined to the taxpayers interested.

Frank A. Fassel died here yesterday of consumption, aged 43 years. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from his late residence on North Madison avenue, services will be held at the German Methodist Episcopal Church. Friends are cordially invited.

The annual meeting of the Rubio Canon Land and Water Association was held yesterday morning at Secretary Manahan's office. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, P. M. Green; vice-president, F. P. Morrison; secretary and treasurer, A. B. Manahan.

The following ladies will compose the "Sunflower" chorus, which will be the opening feature of the entertainment at the opera-house tomorrow night: Mrs. Clapp, Mrs. Gates, Miss Peck, Miss Stoutenburg, the Misses Keene, and Misses Barker, Carson, Jones, Fuller, Pierce, Henderson, Bonner and Kyle. Horse cars will be run for the convenience of the patrons.

POMONA.

Serving Juries an Expensive Piece of Business—Notes and Personal.

The TIMES branch office for Pomona is with H. Marshall, where news items, advertisements and subscriptions are received.

Serving juries is expensive business, if the report of yesterday be true. It is learned from a reliable source that Deputy Sheriff Rowland of Puento, who summoned the special venue in the Copeland case, will present a bill against the city for \$315 for services, expenses, etc., at the next regular meeting of the City Council Tuesday night.

Those who will be some time in the city will likely be some time in the city with the City. But before we allow the bill, taking all things in consideration, won't the next session have lots of business to dispose of? The petitions for calling a new election will be discussed and the \$40,000 worth of bonds, etc., talked about. However, our City Council will handle matters in their usual prompt and decisive manner.

POMONA BREVITIES.

F. E. Farmer was in Los Angeles yesterday.

H. B. Westerman was in Los Angeles yesterday.

The tunnel of the San Antonio Light and Power Company is progressing rapidly.

W. C. Weeks and family left yesterday for Leavenworth, Ok., over the Southern Pacific.

Several Pomona residents went to Los Angeles Sunday morning on the special train to see the ball game.

The father and sister of H. S. Flinne have come to remain some time on account of Mr. Flinne's poor health.

Miss Nettie Leonard of Anaheim, who has been visiting Mrs. Dr. F. L. Little for the past week, returned to her home yesterday.

R. S. Bassett is on the streets again looking for what he can get from his illness. He has been suffering from some complications arising after an attack of the grip.

J. de Barth Shorb L. E. Mosher, E. F. Phelan and W. E. O'Neill located the water of Ice House Cadon, a tributary of San Antonio Cadon, and a force of men are at work developing water.

The Catholic Church is getting ready for Easter with a vim. Latey they have had a paid choir under direction of Prof. A. D. Hunter, and the music on Easter will be the very highest class.

The annual reception of the Fruit and Flower Society will be held Friday evening, April 8, on the corner of Fourth and Thomas streets. The invitations are out and the hours for reception will be from 8 to 10 p.m.

The young gentlemen of the city will give a hop at the Armory Operahouse April 14, and from the preparations being made they will if possible give a more successful one than the young ladies did, but it is doubtful if they will be able to do that.

The public improvements in the city now being made are the high school, the jail, the courthouse, new roads and street paving.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

A Fatal Affray in San Timoteo Canyon.

One Mexican Stabbed and Another Shot and Killed.

President Elliot, of Harvard, on the Kite-shaped Track.

The Republicans of the County Organizing—The Riverside Municipal Election—News Notes from Redlands—Personal Mention.

SAN BERNARDINO.

[Branch office at Stewart Hotel news stand, where news, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.]

Hamilton ranch on Hamilton avenue. Mr. Godfrey purchased this ranch just recently of John Norwood.

J. John Norris the grocer, is building a 13,000 gallon oil warehouse on Tenth street. In it there will be two large tanks, from which he will fill his oil wagon to distribute it to his customers.

President Charles W. Elliot, of Harvard University, visited this city on Sunday. He and his wife were guests at the Arlington. They will not visit this city today, as was first planned. It is unfortunate that their visit could not have an opportunity for meeting President Elliot and of hearing an address from him upon matters pertaining to education.

REPLACES.

[Branch office at T. M. Dugan's news stand, Ois Block, where subscriptions are received for delivery to all parts of the city.]

President and Mrs. Charles W. Elliot, of Harvard University, were in the city yesterday. They were accompanied by Will A. Harris, County Superintendent of Schools, W. E. Frye, City Superintendent of Schools, Alice A. Frye. They took a drive about the city to Valley Heights. The distinguished visitors departed yesterday for Los Angeles, having expressed themselves as delighted with the beauty, prosperity and prospects for the future of this place. President and Mrs. Elliot will return to San Bernardino on Wednesday and in the evening the President will lecture upon some matters respecting education in the Methodist Church.

THE CLIFTON BURNED.

Sunday evening at about 5 o'clock the Clifton house, a small lodging house located at the corner of Orange street and Colton avenue, was discovered afire, and in a short time was all but burned to the ground, the interior having been devoured by the flames. Although the alarm was given promptly, and the boys worked like trojans, it could not be saved. The fire was caused by the explosion of a gasoline stove. The house, the property of I. P. Dooley, was insured for \$15,000, which will cover all the loss.

RELDANS BREVITIES.

W. S. Macy, who has been at the Terracina for a month past, started yesterday for his home in the East.

President F. P. Morrison, of the First National Bank, returned Sunday evening from a business trip at San Francisco.

E. C. Sherman of San Francisco has been in the city in the interest of the Lassen Lumber Company, and a guest at the Wind-sor.

Mrs. F. J. Baird, Miss Blanche Baird and Miss Bellie Hammert of Kansas City, will go to Los Angeles this evening.

The ten-acre tract on Palm avenue belonging to Isaac Jones has been purchased by Mr. Chase of Ohio for \$18,500. The tract is mostly set to five-year-old Naval oranges, and is a splendid piece of property.

Dr. T. Lorena, who has been at the Terracina for some time, will leave this week for Coronado, having been made responsible physician for Hotel Del Coronado. The doctor has made many friends here and will be missed.

H. B. Auchincloss, who has been in the city for some time, a guest at the Terracina, departed yesterday for his home at Orange, N. J. Before leaving he accepted plans and specifications for a fine residence to be erected on his place here at a cost of \$7,000.

Z. O. Smith, who recently purchased a residence in the Hillside, is staying at the Terracina while arranging for the improvement of the property. He will expend a large sum in getting his property in condition to suit his idea of improved property and has a dozen men at work upon it now.

After an examination at San Francisco of Mr. George H. Croft's arm, which was fractured by a runaway accident a few weeks ago, the surgeon, Dr. E. B. Gibson, first vice-president, E. B. Freeman, second vice-president, T. H. Goff, third vice-president, E. B. Taylor, corresponding secretary; O. F. Taylor, financial secretary; C. V. Freeman, treasurer.

NEW FIRE MINER DISCOVERED.

A special dispatch received in this city yesterday from Danby, a station about 200 miles east of here on the Atlantic and Pacific Railway, in which it is stated that a rich ledge of tin ore had been discovered about twenty miles south of that place in the vicinity of Old Woman's Mountains. It is in the Scandia district where the carbonate gold and silver ledge are attractively arranged by the miners.

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THE CITY TRUSTEES.

The City Trustees met last evening.

Marshal Lorbeer of Pomona visited the city yesterday.

The Board of Supervisors was in regular session yesterday.

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ITY BRIEFS

Prof. Payne's assembly tonight. Music by Arend's orchestra, at Illinois Hall. The regular monthly meeting of the News and Working Boys' Home will be held Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, at the home, No. 19 East First street.

Rev. J. M. Sharpie, pastor of the Hyde Park Sabbath-school has handed The Times \$6, donated by the children of the school, for the Russian relief fund.

The Junior Pasadena baseball nine is anxious to hear from any Los Angeles club, the members of which are under 18 years of age, with a view to arranging a match.

Several additional applicants for The Times dipsomania cure test were received yesterday, among them one woman. Of the number the three best subjects will be chosen.

The Hill Club will have another pow-wow at the same place on Main street this evening, at which J. Marion Brooks and other shining lights of the party will make speeches.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph Company for James E. Redd, John G. Fox, Miss Martha Adamson, B. Campbell and W. King Malcomson (2).

The earlier hour (3 o'clock) for calling the baseball games will enable the "Express" to publish the official score by 4 p.m. on the following day. (Copy it from THE TIMES, you know.)

Annual catch of the Creel Club on their recent visit to the San Gabriel Cañon was 224 fish. The fishermen did not do so well as the natives who did their fishing in the open country, this side of the cañon.

The word "impair" in the letter of E. Kitchel to the manager of the Silver Ash Institute, printed in THE TIMES Sunday morning, should have been "impaired," which puts an entirely different meaning to the sentence.

A meeting of the Southern California Kennel Club will be held this evening at 8 o'clock, corner Spring and First streets, at which business of considerable importance, with reference to the coming bench show, will be transacted.

Among the communications read before the Council yesterday was one protesting against the purchase of the Sprague lot for an engine house on Belmont avenue and Franklin, and advocating the purchase of a lot in the Ellis subdivision. The communication was filed.

Fred Adams and Willie Smith, the young boys who were arrested on a charge of petty larceny, were tried in Justice Owen's court yesterday. Young Adams was acquitted, but Smith was found guilty and was sentenced to sixty days in the city prison. As he is only 9 years old the Court suspended sentence to give him a chance to reform.

Yesterday was a heavy day in Justice Austin's department of the Police Court. There were fourteen drunks and disturbers of the peace in the dock when court convened. They were all convicted, but His Honor was better natured than usual and several were given "foasters," while the rest were let off on easy sentences of from three to ten days in the chain gang.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, April 4, 1892. At 5 a.m. the temperature registered 59° at 5:05 a.m. 59.8°. Thermometer for corresponding hours showed 49° and 46°. Maximum temperature, 66°; minimum temperature, 48°. Character of weather, cloudy.

Finest finished photos, Dewey.

Buy "Lizzie's Cook Book" at Jeavne's. See Campbell's great Indian collection.

Hotel Arcadia, San Monica, is now open for the winter season.

An opal given with each \$5 purchase at Campbell's, 229 South Spring street.

C. T. Paul has removed his hardware and stove store to 130 South Main street.

Dr. Army dentist removed to 124½ S. Spring st. Prices reduced. All operations painless.

One of the best family teams in the city for sale at the Metropolitan Stables, No. 34 West First street.

Remember the sale of chrysanthemum plants each week this month at the Simonson's green grounds.

California poppies are now in full bloom at Altadena on the Los Angeles Terminal Railway. Trains leave at 11 a.m. and 4 p.m.; returns at 5 p.m.

Just received, some elegant French pattern bonnets. The choicest and latest styles now on exhibition at Mme. Gotthel's No. 121 South Spring street.

Gas stoves with atmospheric burners. Seven-eighths per cent of gas is used. A three-burner is only \$10. An exhibition at F. E. Browne's, 314 South Spring street.

Los Angeles to Long Beach and return 50 cents, and San Pedro and return 60 cents, on the Los Angeles Terminal Railway; good going Saturday or Sunday and returning Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

On Sunday 160 people sat for pictures at the studio of R. P. Cox. Last Saturday there was another almost equal to that of Sunday. The public seems to be all due to the fact that this is a rare opportunity to get good pictures at 75 per cent less than regular prices. Cabinets are still \$1.00 per dozen.

"Santa Fe" route, from the mild Pacific to the raging Atlantic. We run tourist sleeping cars without change in our excursions from Los Angeles to San Francisco via the Grand Santa Fe and each excursion on board one of our agents, who will take pleasure in looking after our patrons. You will save time and expense by calling at our city office, 129 North Spring street, or at the First street station, and purchase your ticket by the "old reliable Santa Fe" route. Through car service (without change.)

PERSONALS.

J. M. Bialhache, representing the advertising department of the San Diego Sun, was in the city yesterday.

J. M. Studebaker and wife of South Bend, Ind., are visiting Judge and Mrs. Lamme of Edanam Terrace, near San Gabriel.

Col. R. J. Northam left for San Francisco last night on political matters. He will be absent several weeks.

Hon. W. H. Bentz, Chief Justice, Mrs. and Miss Bentz and Justice Garoutte, Dr. Haven, Paterson, Sharpstein, Harrison and McFarland, of the Supreme Court, are at the Hotel Westminster.

L. Kipp of San Diego, Mr. and Mrs. William Davis of Cincinnati, Miss H. Lowth of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Skinner of Florida, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Schapp of New York city, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Gray and son of Orange are among the late arrivals at the Bellevue Terrace Hotel.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WALL PAPER at 5 cents per roll and upward. New York Wall Paper Company, 229 South Spring street.

DR SCHLESINGER, the noted test and healing medium and publisher of the Carrier Dove, is stopping at the Hotel Ramona for a short time. His cures are marvelous according to the press reports in the cities to which he has visited, especially the tobacco, alcohol and morphine habit.

GEM samples and estimates from the New York Wall Paper Company, 229 South Spring street.

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GEM samples and estimates from the New York Wall Paper Company, 229 South Spring street.

LOOKING FOR A LEADER.

Ominous Quest of Mr. Harrison's Republican Opponents.

Clarkson, Reed, Quay and Dudley Antagonize the President.

They are Seeking a Candidate to Defeat His Renomination.

Senator Platt and John Sherman—McKinley Can Have Ohio's Vote—Other Candidates Vassied.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—[Special correspondence of the Chicago Herald, Dem.] A score of well-known and influential Republicans in Washington and elsewhere are rejoicing over the return of Senator Quay. They are eager to know what he intends to do in the way of opposing the ambitions of President Harrison to a renomination. Mr. Quay will be ready to talk to him in a day or two. He will begin the fight on Harrison by opposing the pending Pennsylvania nominations. The opponents of the President appear to be very quiet of late, but this is only because they are of necessity playing a waiting game. They are more than ever determined to find some candidate with whom they can defeat Harrison, but the absence of Quay and Clarkson, owing to illness in both cases, has heretofore made it impossible for the President's enemies to put their plans in operation. It is now said that both of these shrewd Republican leaders will be ready with the coming of the early blossoms to inaugurate the anti-Harrison movement in earnest. In the meantime the less conspicuous but not the less enthusiastic and effective Republicans who are in the field against the President are doing all in their power to create a sentiment in the various States that will prevent the pledging of administration delegates. The plan of the anti-Harrison men is to create as long a list of "favorite sons" as possible in order to scatter the votes of the delegates in the hope of being able to finally concentrate them upon some candidate of their own.

SENATOR CAMERON is as bitter in his enmity to the President as his colleague, Senator Quay, and just as anxious to prevent his nomination. There seems to be no doubt, moreover, that these men will succeed in using the Pennsylvania delegation in such a way as to greatly embarrass Mr. Harrison's chances of renomination. Mr. Cameron had been confined to his rooms for several weeks until yesterday, and during his convalescence from a severe sickness in the old-fashioned house on Madison place, next door to Mr. Blaine's, has been the scene of many conferences, at which the anti-Harrison movement has been talked over fully. No determination to a candidate has been arrived at, but Mr. Quay will be informed of what has been said and will be ready soon to map out a plan of action.

READY AGAINST HARRISON.

The Washington Republicans who are most earnest in the attempt to find a candidate whom the anti-Harrison men can support and nominate are Senators Quay, Cameron, Washburn, Cullom, Wolcott, Teller, Stewart, Pettigrew and Power and Representative Tom Reed, while the outsiders include a long list of once strong politicians, headed by Col. Dudley; all of whom the President saw fit to turn down as soon as he was in the White House chair.

The ex-Speaker is as bitter in his opposition to Harrison as any of the Senators named, if not more so, and he makes no secret of the fact that he stands ready to render any assistance in his power toward the success of the anti-Harrison movement.

Mr. Reed has been in Maine for the last week, and is said to be at all discouraged by what he learned there of the political situation. It is not altogether unlikely, indeed, that he may be the most influential man in the Maine delegation to the Minneapolis convention.

From advices received by the anti-Harrison managers they are confident that there will be four or five candidates before the convention and two or three in the background, who can have the solid support of their respective States whenever it is apparent that there is even a fighting chance to defeat Harrison. Illinois, it is calculated, will present Cullom; New Hampshire, Blair; Michigan, Alger, and Ohio either McKinley or Sherman. Wisconsin will be united in favor of the nomination of Secretary Rusk, and will only be dissuaded from making him a candidate at the start by the sentiment that he is in duty bound to remain loyal to his chief as long as the latter has any chance of success.

The delegates from Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota, Colorado, Montana and other States can easily be brought into line to support an anti-administration candidate who has a fair prospect of success. The man, however, has not yet been found, and the task of finding him gives the greatest concern to the anti-Harrison managers.

PLATT OPPOSES SHERMAN.

The question to which they all now seek an answer is, what will Tom Platt do and who is his candidate? It would, the anti-administration men say, be a comparatively easy matter to dispose of Harrison if New York and Pennsylvania should head the opposition with solid delegations, or even with a determined majority of those delegations opposed to his nomination. It is already known what Quay will be likely to do, but there is no such certainty with regard to Mr. Platt.

Many Republicans have been to him of late, endeavoring to learn his intentions, but they have not succeeded in their mission. The reason given by one of these visitors is that Mr. Platt does not know himself what he wants to do. He knows that he does not want to have Mr. Harrison renominated, but further than that he is entirely undecided. When Senator Hiscok was in New York recently, he had a long and not very amiable chat with Mr. Platt on the subject of the Presidential nomination, at which the discovery was made that these two members of the big four are very suspicious of each other. Mr. Platt, according to a prominent Republican who has since talked with him, accused Senator Hiscok of attempting to play a double game by pretending to be opposed to Harrison's renomination while leading the President to think that in return for a few crumbs of patronage he would use in his interest what little influence he possesses with the New York state Republicans. Mr. Hiscok of course endeavored to placate Mr. Platt by making as plausible defense of himself as possible, but the two big Republicans parted without having arrived at a satisfactory understanding as to their past or future transactions.

To another Senatorial caller Mr. Platt made no secret of the fact that he would like to take an anti-Harrison delegation to Minneapolis, but that he almost despairs of finding a proper candidate. The names of Sherman, Alger,

Royal Baking Powder Leads All.

Prof. Hanks Shows the Great Economy in its Use.

I purchased samples of the Royal Baking Powder, which I examined chemically and compared with others bought at the same time.

I detected in it no impurity or adulteration. It is uniform, pure, reliable.

I find one pound of the Royal to contain 200 cubic inches more available Carbonic Acid gas than the best of the others.

Henry G. Hanks

Chemist, Assayer and Geologist, State of California.

McKinley, Rusk and one or two others were talked over at length, and their good and bad qualities as candidates were minutely discussed. At the outset of the conversation Mr. Platt surprised his caller by stating that he was unalterably opposed to the nomination of John Sherman. This statement was a surprise, because within the last few weeks there has been a decided Sherman boom in Washington, based chiefly on the report brought from New York by a Democratic Senator that Sherman was Mr. Platt's favorite as a candidate. Mr. Platt has stated, however, in the strongest possible language that under no circumstances will any New York delegate be for Sherman with his consent.

As to McKinley there is some doubt. Even Mr. Sherman admits that if the Governor says the word he can have the support of the Ohio delegation, and there can be no doubt of his strength outside of the Buckeye State. The merits of Messrs. Alger and Cullom as candidates were presented in as favorable a light as possible, but many objections were found to them both. The publication of Gen. Alger's peculiar war record, if nothing else, puts him out of the question, and Mr. Cullom has as yet been totally unable to demonstrate that he can get the delegation from his own State. He will be a good enough Morgan until after the convention, however, and the anti-Harrison men will do nothing to discourage his candidacy.

The men who want to defeat Harrison are numerous, earnest and strong, but their strength is scattered and they admit that they will find it difficult to concentrate it, chiefly because it is so hard to find a suitable candidate. They mean to persevere, however, and they hope to be able to take some definite step now that Mr. Quay has returned from Florida. They will appear at Minneapolis in full force whether they succeed in finding their man before June 7 or not.

AT CORONADO drinking water builds up the system, purifies and improves digestion. At Coronado the surf-bathing is safe, without undertow, and the new swimming baths with streams of hot and cold water flowing through the tanks, the dressing-rooms and general equipments are the finest in America and are under a glass roof.

EUCALYPTA EXTRACT for sprains, burns, ulcers, bruises, poison oak; soothing and healing.

FISH 7½ cents pound. Broadway Market.

Broadway Undertaking Parlors.

Hway & Brees, funeral directors, Broadway, near 6th st. Telephone 242. Open nights.

AT CORONADO fishing for baracuda and mackerel is the finest on the Coast. Chasing jackrabbits with grayhounds is excellent sport. Rowing, horseback riding or driving on Boulevard or beach and many other outdoor sports can all be enjoyed at Coronado.

ARROWHEAD HOT SPRINGS.

A mountain health and pleasure resort. Elevation 3000 feet; pure air and water, mineral springs, mud baths, unexcelled in their curative qualities; resident physician. Hotel elegantly appointed. Modern conveniences, including electric light in every room. Six miles from San Bernardino, daily mail and stage. Reasonable rates. Pleasant liberal management. Facilities for all on land or water. Call on or address Mr. Stanton & Aspinwall, Jesses, 311 South Broadway, or Arrowhead Springs.

NAPA SODA at Wollacott's, 124 N. Spring

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY is made of the best roots, not only of Los Angeles, but from ocean to ocean. An instance—H. J. Mayers, the leading druggist at Oakland, Md., writes: "I have sold this medicine for 20 years and it has never failed to cure all cases of coughing and colds. I have sold it to the best physicians in the city. It gives the best of satisfaction, too." For sale by John Beckwith & Son, Druggists, 303 North Main street.

FISH 7½ cents pound. Broadway Market.

NEW goods and lowest prices. New York Wall Paper Company, 229 South Spring street.

EUCALYPTA EXTRACT for influenza lameness, chafing, pains and aches; strengthening and stimulating.

INSPECTION SOLICITED.

OUR METHOD A SUCCESS—THE HIT OF THE SEASON.

By adopting the principles of the time-worn adage, "Quick sales and small profit," has brought unqualified success. Thousands of ladies cheerfully testify that Mozart's style and quality of millinery is equal to any in this city. Others may copy our style, but it is absurd to pay high prices for millinery when at Mozart's the identical same hat, the same flowers and the same style may be had for much less price, sometimes 50 per cent less than many other places. No store can live and sell cheap unless they handle the quantities. We claim to sell at millinery them any two stores in this city will not be able to compete with us in quality. We can sell at a profit of 50 per cent.

IT is absurd for ladies to pay high prices for millinery when at Mozart's the identical same hat, the same flowers and the same style may be had for much less price, sometimes 50 per cent less than many other places. No store can live and sell cheap unless they handle the quantities. We claim to sell at millinery them any two stores in this city will not be able to compete with us in quality. We can sell at a profit of 50 per cent.

THE LEADING CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE, 119 S. Spring St., adjoining the National Hotel, Los Angeles, Cal.

AVOID the heated term and malady arising from the open ditches of the interior by visiting the Hotel del Coronado, where reduced rates begin April 15 and continue through the summer.

LASTEST styles wall paper and room moldings at 25 cents. New York Wall Paper Company, 229 South Spring street.

HIGGINS'S MEDICATED WRISTLET Prevents colds, insures against la grippe, simple, inexpensive, reliable, invaluable. Send stamp for circular. S. W. Higgins, 208 S. Spring St.

CHEAP LUMBER.

Before purchasing lumber it will be to your advantage to let Clark & Humphreys figure your bill. Once, 12½ W. Second st.

LINGERIE walton, pressed goods, linens and all the latest novelties in wall hangings at New York Wall Paper Company, 229 South Spring street.

MISSES C. L. WEAVER.

Y

ELEVENTH YEAR.

Orange Lands!

GREAT BARGAINS AT... SOUTH RIVERSIDE

The finest Orange and Lemon Lands are found in this flourishing colony and the location is unsurpassed.

Great Abundance of Water.

Another pipe line is about to be constructed, bringing additional lands under irrigation.

Prices Extraordinarily Low.

Water is sold with the land. No bonds; no uncertainty as to quantity or price of water. Water conveyed in pipes to the lands. The lands are adapted to the culture of all fruits common in Southern California.

Here is the place for Homes and Investment.

Orange Heights

Is a new and attractive subdivision of a portion of the high mesa land of South Riverside Colony, and being frostless and not subject to injurious winds, offers special advantages for the cultivation of the

LEMON.

The best authorities in Southern California commend these lands for the raising of Lemons. One syndicate is arranging to plant 1000 acres in Oranges and Lemons, one-half each.

Aside from its wonderful advantages as a fruit-producing colony, South Riverside is an important manufacturing point. The Pacific Clay Manufacturing Company's vitrified sewer and water-pipe works—the largest on this coast—are located here. Also the Porphyry Pavement Company, the Standard Fertilizing Company, and two pottery works. This is the shipping point for the famous Temescal tin mine plant. A company is now being formed to work on a large scale the finest cement rock found in the United States. This latter company will probably employ 200 or more men. The material is at hand for additional manufacturers.

The Town of South Riverside

Contains numerous business houses, and there are churches, hotels, a bank and all other improvements necessary to make a thriving town.

Come and see our new tract before purchasing elsewhere, taking the Riverside and San Bernardino train via Orange, leaving Los Angeles at 11 a.m. and 5 o'clock p.m. For full particulars call on L. T. GRAVES, agent at Los Angeles, Bryson-Bonebrake Block; or address

South Riverside Land and Water Co.,
South Riverside, Cal.

Standard of the World!

Sold from the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast!

MARIE ANTOINETTE
CUBAN HAND-MADE

HAVANA : CIGAR

The following sizes kept in stock:

Connoisseurs,
Conchas Especiales,
Regalia Chica,
Perfectos,

Regalia de Londres,
Caballeros,
Knickerbockers,
Invincibles.

Sold by All Dealers.

KINGSBAKER BROS.
LOS ANGELES,

Distributing Agents.

Manufactured by GEO. P. LEIS CO., New York.

Pasteur Hospital,
220 S. Main St., Los Angeles.
(Over Hammam Baths.)

Treat with wonderful success all special diseases of Men and Women. Our cure for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture and all unnatural drain is the safest and quickest known. Syphilis, Blood and Skin Diseases thoroughly eradicated from the system. Lost manhood, weakness of generative organs, nervous debility, loss of memory and power-uniting man for life's duties or marriage treated with never-failing success.

Ladies' department in one of the oldest Specialists on the Coast, who cure their delicate disorders by a new method invented by him and controlled by this institution. Consultation free. Office hours 8 a.m. to 9 p.m.

THE CITY COUNCIL

Large Amount of Routine Business Transacted.

Regular Reports of Officers and Committees Submitted.

The Matter of the Widening of Seventh Street Discussed.

Numerous Changes in the Report of the Commissioners Recommended—Street Work Ordered—Money for the Schools.

The City Council met in regular session yesterday morning at the usual time and place, every ward, with the single exception of the First, being represented.

After the usual preliminaries had been disposed of, a brief message was received from Mayor Hazard, returning unapproved, the ordinance of intention to improve a portion of Pasadena avenue, in accordance with the request of some of the members of the Council, who proposed to introduce an ordinance authorizing the property-owners to do the work by private contract.

Upon motion of Councilman Innes, the vote by which the ordinance had been adopted was reconsidered and the matter was thereupon laid upon the table.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

The reports of the City Clerk and Tax and License Collector, showing the issuance of 2062 licenses for the month of March last, of which ninety were returned uncollected, were referred to the City Auditor.

That of the City Tax and License Collector, showing that fourteen of the twenty-nine delinquent licenses for February last had been returned uncollected, was also referred to the City Auditor.

That of the Water Overseer, showing the collection of \$70.50 in fees during the month of March last, and the receipt of \$60.25 from P. Dunn et al., for half the expenses incurred in fumigating the Washington street ditch, was also referred to the City Auditor.

That of City Justice Austin, showing the collection of \$143.87 in fees and fines during March last; City Justice Owens, \$45.50; Clerk Chambers of the Police Court, \$418, and Superintendent of Buildings Muchmore, \$87.50, were also referred.

Councilman Summerland, moved that the City Clerk communicate with Contractor Donegan as to whether or not he would give up his contract with the City for the removal of the roof of the Macy street bridge.

Upon motion of Councilman Rhodes, however, the motion was laid on the table.

CITY CLERK'S REPORT.

The City Clerk reported as follows:

In the matter of opening, widening and extending Broadway from Tenth street to a point on the west line of Main street, the Council voted to do the work by private contractor on the 25th day February, 1892. Due notice of the filing of said report has been published. James B. Lankershim has filed a protest against the confirmation of said report, and this is the only protest filed. Mrs. Anna Ogier protests against the opening of the street. It will be necessary for you to set a day for hearing the objection of Mr. Lankershim.

The matter was set for hearing at 2 o'clock p.m. on Monday next, and referred to the Board of Public Works for investigation meanwhile.

Action upon the awarding of the contract for paving Pearl street between Sixth and Plaza streets comes up at this time for your consideration, in accordance with order heretofores made. [Action deferred for one week.]

In the matter of constructing sidewalks on Twenty-second street, Council has twice invited proposals to do this work and no proposals have been received. I ask that action be taken looking toward the abandonment of these projects in order that the private bills may be settled.

After some debate the proceedings were ordered abandoned, Messrs. McGarry, Reed and Summerland voting in the minority.

In the matter of constructing a sewer on Bunker Hill street. At a meeting of the Council held March 26, 1892, the protest of D. C. Roberts et al. against the projected work was denied and overruled, and the Clerk was instructed to present ordinance ordering the work proceeded with, which ordinance I herewith present. Ordinance adopted.

In the matter of the construction of a sewer on Bunker Hill street. At a meeting of the Council held March 26, 1892, the protest of D. C. Roberts et al. against the projected work was denied and overruled, and the Clerk was instructed to present ordinance ordering the work proceeded with, which ordinance I herewith present. Ordinance adopted.

WATER OVERSEER.

The water overseer report, which was referred to the Zanja Committee, was as follows:

I would report that in the matter of the raise of the water rate of Evergreen Cemetery, the association has paid for the month of January, but refuses to pay for February and March, owing to the fact that their reservoir was disconnected during those two months, owing to repairs on the reservoir and pipe, but is willing to pay from April to June at the rate fixed by the Council.

I have notified the owners of the Taborer reservoir to clean the same, but they refuse to do so, on the ground that the city assumed control of the same in 1886, when they granted the use thereof to the city for supplying water for the Sixth Street Park.

I would also report that the owners of the Johnson reservoir refuse to pay \$15 per month, the rate fixed by your honorable body, and tendered \$6 for the month of March, which I refused to accept.

FRAIL SUPPORTS.

A lengthy communication was received from O. J. Muchmore, Superintendent of Buildings, with reference to that from the Painters' Union, which had been referred to him, in which he stated that for three years past it had been very evident to him that the appliances used by mechanics have been of a frail, scanty and oftentimes dangerous character, and suggesting that an ordinance be drawn providing for their protection in this matter. The letter was referred back with instructions to prepare an ordinance in conjunction with the City Attorney.

The City Assessor reported, recommending that the petition of Elizabeth Adams with reference to the redemption of lot 10, in block E of the Morris Vineyard tract, which was found to be assessed, with three others, at \$320, be referred to the City Attorney.

The Board of Fire Commissioners reported, recommending that the bid of Blaisdell & Sprague for a site for an engine house near First street and Belmont avenue be accepted. The matter was referred back to the board, there being a protest against the site.

Mr. Potts then addressed the Council at some length, explaining the advantages of his offer to the city. He stated

inclusion of block B of the Fort Hill tract and lots 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12 and 18 of block A of the Mott tract, in fire district No. 1, be granted. Referred to the City Attorney.

MONEY FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES.

A communication was received from the Board of Education asking the Council to set aside the sum of \$18,500 for school purposes, stating that the funds at the disposal of the board were only sufficient to run the schools until June 1 next, which would make only an eight-months' session, and that the amount asked was necessary to run the schools for the ninth month. Upon motion of Councilman Rees the matter was referred back to the board, with a request that an itemized statement of the moneys yet to be received from all sources be furnished.

The ordinance regulating the standing of peddlers' wagons on the streets, as amended, was called up, but action thereon was deferred for one week.

POLICE PATROL WAGON.

The following bids for a new police patrol wagon were received, opened and referred to the Supply Committee and Board of Police Commissioners jointly: S. W. Luitweiler, \$450, top, \$75 extra; Hawley, King & Co., \$475, top \$50 extra; Richard Moloney, \$500, top \$50 extra; Hobbs & Richardson, \$575, top \$60 extra.

The reports of the Finance Committee and Board of Public Works, as hereto published in THE TIMES, were adopted as read.

The Mayor's message of March 28 last, vetoing the ordinance of intention to open Maple avenue, was taken up and, upon motion of Councilman Alford, the ordinance was filed.

The Street Superintendent asked that an ordinance of intention to sidewalk the east side of New High street, between Temple and Franklin streets be passed, as the same was a source of much complaint. The suggestion was adopted, and the matter referred to the City Engineer with directions to present the necessary ordinances.

MOTIONS.

Upon motion of Councilman Innes, the water overseer was directed to furnish the Council with monthly statements showing the gross expenses in connection with his office.

Councilman Summerland moved that the City Clerk be directed to advertise for bids for furnishing the city with drugs for one year. Adopted.

Upon motion of Councilman Alford the Board of Fire Commissioners was requested to put up the new alarm boxes on the corners of Twelfth street and Central avenue, and Washington street and Central avenue, and all others heretofore ordered as soon as practicable.

The same member moved that the Street Superintendent be instructed to close up the storm water drain at the corner of Ninth and Main streets and put in a two-inch pipe so as to draw the gutter after a storm, and close up the manhole of the storm water drain at the crossing of Sixth and Wall streets. Referred to City Engineer.

Upon motion of Councilman Rhodes the Los Angeles Consolidated Electric Railway Company was notified to remove its track, ties, poles and wires from Pico street, between Flower street and Maple avenue, unless the road is operated within thirty days, and the Street Superintendent was directed to remove the same should the order not be complied with.

Councilman Rhodes followed suit with a motion to the effect that the railroad company owning a track on Seventh street, between San Pedro and Alameda streets, be requested to operate or remove the same within thirty days, which was also adopted.

Recess until 2 o'clock p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock, with President Bonsall in the chair and a quorum present.

The special order for 2 o'clock, the hearing of protests against the confirmation of the report of the commissioners for the widening of Seventh street, was taken up, when a supplemental report of the Board of Public Works on the matter was read, as follows:

In the matter of the commissioners' report for the widening of Seventh street, we recommend, first, that the commissioners be instructed to amend their report so as to allow Isaac Norton the sum of \$10 as compensation for his foundation wall, and also that the amount for advertising be reduced to \$100, and \$75 for the expenses to be reduced from \$900 to \$150, that the commissioners' fees be reduced from \$50 to \$50, that commissioners' fees be reduced from \$125 to \$100, that clerks' fees be reduced from \$600 to \$550, that amount for preparing maps be reduced from \$190 to \$140, and that the commissioners be instructed to readjust their assessments in accordance with the recommendations. The above changes, if adopted, will reduce the expenses \$780.25, less the amount allowed for wall of Isaac Norton.

J. B. Lankershim appeared and asked that he be given a week's further time, as his attorney had been out of town and he had been unable to get a hearing before the Board of Public Works.

He briefly stated that he did not consider the assessments and awards equitable, and gave one or two instances in support of his assertion.

After some debate further action was postponed until Monday next at 2:30 o'clock, and the report was referred back to the Board of Public Works.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Innes moved that \$3000 be transferred from the salary to the park fund. Carried.

Councilman Alford moved that the City Clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for the use of reservoir site No. 5. Carried.

PASTHOUSE PROPOSITION.

In the matter of securing a proper location for a pasthouse, the Land Committee reported recommending the acceptance of the proposition of J. W. Potts to sell forty acres near the northwest boundary of the city for \$8000, provided that the Board of Supervisors pay half the amount, and further provided that the said J. W. Potts guarantee that the present hospital and grounds be sold for \$8000.

After some general debate, on motion of Councilman Nickell, the Council went into Committee of the whole, Councilman Rees in the chair, to consider the proposition.

Councilman McGarry briefly explained that he had gone over the ground with Mr. Potts, and while he would not think of purchasing the land for himself as an investment, he favored the purchase for the purpose for which it was intended, principally on account of its isolated position.

Gouncilman Tufts and Nickell opposed the purchase on the ground that the price asked is excessive, as the value of the land is not over \$2500.

Mr. Potts then addressed the Council at some length, explaining the advantages of his offer to the city. He stated

that he himself paid \$250 an acre in cash for the land, and he considered it cheap. Water could be put on the land for a nominal amount, and it was the best place that could be had in the county for the purposes for which it is intended.

He had been through several smallpox epidemics, and he knew that he could have sold this land for almost any price if he had offered it at the right time. His offer is a liberal one, and the city could do as it pleased in the matter.

Councilmen Innes and Summerland favored the purchase of the land, while Councilmen Rhodes and Bonsall opposed it on the ground that the price is excessive, as the land is not worth anything like what is asked for it.

After more talk Councilman Rhodes moved that the matter be referred back to the Land Committee to confer with the Supervisors to see what they are willing to do, which motion was seconded by President Bonsall.

Councilman Rees briefly advocated the purchase of the land, after which the whole matter was referred back to the Land Committee.

Health Officer McGowan also addressed the Council, saying that he knew nothing about the matter, except what he had seen in the papers. He knew nothing about Mr. Potts' land and could not say whether it is a suitable location for a hospital or not. He is opposed to going into partnership with the county.

The committee then rose, when the report of the committee was adopted and regular business was proceeded with.

Councilman McGarry announced that the Terminal Railway Company invited the Council to inspect their levee on the east side of the river Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and the members were requested to meet at the City Hall at the hour named.

At this point the pesthouse matter was again taken up, when another lengthy debate followed, after which the matter was taken from the Land Committee and all bids were rejected and the matter dropped.

STREET WORK.

An ordinance granting permission to property-owners to improve a portion of Pasadena avenue by private contract passed under suspension of the rules.

An ordinance of intention for the construction of a cement sidewalk on Twenty-sixth street, between Main and Grand avenue, went over for one week.

An ordinance of intention for the construction of a cement sidewalk on Angelina street from Beaudry to Figueroa streets, passed.

An ordinance of intention establishing the grade of Burt street, from First to Temple streets, passed under suspension of the rules, as did also an ordinance of intention establishing the grade of Fanning street, from First

THE SCHOOL TEACHERS.

First Day's Session of the County Institute.

The Opening Address Made By Superintendent Seamans.

An Interesting Paper Read by President James A. Foshay.

State Superintendent Anderson's Address—Entertaining Lecture by Dr. A. E. Winship of Boston—Those Who Were Present.

The Los Angeles County Teachers' Institute opened yesterday afternoon in the assembly hall of the High school building, which was crowded with teachers from all parts of the county. Take it all in all they are a fine looking body of men and women—the majority women. They do not look particularly careworn more than any other class of professional people. Not more than half of them wear eye glasses, the frown between the eyes, which is said to be the trade mark of all "schoolma'am's," is visible on but few faces, and when the State Superintendent of Schools remarked in his introductory remarks yesterday that they were as handsome a set of teachers as he had ever seen, no one was disposed to dispute the truth of the statement.

Superintendent Seamans opened the institute with a few remarks, and, after the roll call by the secretary introduced James A. Foshay, president of the County Board of Education, who read a paper before the institute showing the progress of the school system in the last quarter of a century, during which time California has been a conspicuous example for emulation. As the world is being constantly filled with labor-saving machines, so the schools are finding new and helpful methods continually. As an instance of the progress of the public school in California it is a noticeable fact that since the decline of the boom, when so many mushroom towns sprung up—each town having as its focus a hotel, a real estate office and a school building—that whereas, the hotel is closed, the real estate office is moved away and converted into a ranch house, the school building remains open and holds its own. The speaker held that there was danger of exalting the intellectual at the expense of the physical nature and gymnasiums should be established in the public schools as in our own Normal school in Los Angeles. We are behind the ancient Greeks in physical culture.

Hon. J. W. Anderson, State Superintendent of Public Education, was the next speaker. As Napoleon Bonaparte, when asked what was the most essential requisite in war, replied "money," so Superintendent Anderson held that the most essential element of the Teachers' Institute was work. The old idea that it was a place for long lectures and treatises on correct methods and a lot of useless twaddle about how to teach this or that, has exploded entirely and the model institute of today is a working institute, where the teachers themselves take part in the exercises. He was glad to know that such an institute had been arranged at this time. He further said that he had the honor to be present at the first institute held in California, nearly forty years ago, when, out of the 200 or 300 teachers in the State, some thirty or forty were present. There are now 5000 teachers in the State. He has been visiting the Los Angeles city and county schools during the past fortnight, and had nothing but words of praise in the superlative degree. He cautioned against introducing too many studies of no practical benefit to the pupil, and advocated fewer branches and the throwing out of the many ologies which have been dragged into the public school at the expense of what he termed "the bread and butter" studies. These remarks met with applause.

These remarks met with applause. This complaint, by the way, has become a common one in Los Angeles. Our High school boys and girls are weighted down with books, and ideas and ologies and isms, of but little practical use. Jump on a cable car any morning between 8 and 9 o'clock and note the troops of young school girls with six, eight and ten books strapped up in their arms, and ask yourself if this isn't a cramming process.

Superintendent Anderson acknowledged freely that this part of the State is entirely ahead of Northern California in the matter of music in the public schools, and San Diego rather outdoes Los Angeles in this respect.

After an intermission of five minutes Dr. A. E. Winship of Boston, the principal instructor of the institute, was introduced and delivered a short address, as full of bright, pithy, practical suggestions and forecasts as an egg is full of meat. Dr. Winship is a fluent speaker, his ideas are progressive to the last degree and his pleasantries were mingled with sound, practical argument in a most pleasing style. He began by saying that, in standing before such a body of educators who evidently understood so well their duties, he felt very much like the oyster swimming around in the church steeple when he met another oyster who said "What in the world are you doing here?" It is always a delicate thing for a person to go from one section of the country to another and try to instruct the people there, especially to come West. "I know you'll treat me civilly out of courtesy," he said, "but underneath all that you will have your own opinion, and a particular opinion of us Boston folks, too." He thought many of them might feel very much as the guard did down in Arizona when, ten years ago, a party of Boston people were coming through there en route to California. Geronimo's band was on the warpath and it was necessary for the travelers to have a guard of soldiers. The head soldier was asked his honest opinion in regard to the danger which threatened the party and made this candid reply: "I don't know how it will turn out, but I'd be perfectly willing to be scalped myself if only I could see you Boston people scalped first." Relating one or two other amusing anecdotes to point his illustrations, Dr. Winship, after commanding himself to the mercy of the teachers and expressing the hope that they would be as mild with him in their inward criticisms as possible, proceeded to give a talk on "The Public School Crisis."

"We always advance by crises," he argued, "and no nation so much as America. Every force for good moves forward on crises. In every crucial hour thus far America has risen upon a higher plane. We are facing an hour in which the public school system is to be tested." He then traced the progress of the school idea in America from the common school, step by step, to the free school and at last to the public school, that central idea which was born in Philadelphia in 1817, when the attention of the people was drawn by a great commercial crisis to the fact that man-

titudes of their poor men and women were unable to read or write. He gave a vivid description of the struggle of 1835, when Thaddeus Stevens made his memorable plea before the Legislature and every unpledged man voted for free public schools all over the great State of Pennsylvania. He referred to the fabulous wealth of America, her marvelous progress, her prosperity, beauty and grandeur on one hand, and her danger on the other, her awful criminal record, which shows that there are ten times as many people murdered as killed in railway accidents. We cannot altogether shield ourselves behind the barrier of foreign immigration and intoxicating liquors as a cause for all this crime. The danger lies here in our midst.

Of the four nations on earth—America, England, Germany and France—America has given her the problem of humanity to solve. England is acquisitive in every fiber of her being. She has spread her kingdom out till the sun now shines continually on her dominions so as to give her light to see to pick up other territory. All that she has not laid her aggressive fingers on is the roof of Africa and Asia. She is the economic power of the world.

Germany hasn't a particle of this spirit. She doesn't know how to pick up. She tried it not long ago with Samoa and the world has been laughing at her ever since. But Germany is the intellectual focus. The scholars of the world come to sit at her feet. Her men grapple the great problems of the age and solve them.

France is the social focus. Paris sits upon her throne and tells the women of the world what to wear and how to wear it. She has the women of the world at her feet.

America must develop her power.

"I am a Yankee," said the doctor, "and I have a right to guess what that power will be. It is America's mission to solve the problem of humanity, first because she can, and second because she must. The problem is thrust upon us.

It is a five-fold one—labor, liquor, loyalty, race and religion. England plays

with this problem as a cat plays with a mouse. She cuffs it and tells it to "lie still" while she goes off picking up something, with one eye on her mouse. When it stirrs she runs to it, cuts it again and again bid it "lie still."

This problem of humanity must be solved with the children in our public schools; the children of the middle classes and every influence which lifts up the boys and girls is just so much power toward its solution.

Dr. Winship was frequently interrupted with applause in the course of his remarks and was listened to most appreciatively.

Although it is not obligatory on the teachers of the city schools to attend this institute, many are availing themselves of its advantages. Prof. Ira More and Prof. C. E. Hutton of the Normal school were among the audience yesterday.

The institute continues four days.

There will be no evening sessions.

This morning at 9 o'clock the routine work begins.

The teachers will be divided into three sections, the first including those of the first, second and third years; the second, those of the fourth, fifth and sixth years, and the third those of the seventh, eighth and ninth years and High school. These sections will meet simultaneously in different rooms of the High school building.

TEACHERS IN ATTENDANCE.

The following teachers are in attendance:

Alameda—George E. Larkey, Grace Mc-Namee, C. E. Jones, Minnie Hubbard, Freda Chase, Belle Duncan.

Alosta—K. Bonham, Hattie E. Freeman, Mrs. Luisa Wolcott.

Asusa—John C. Stornet, Amy M. Way, May Foley, Ada Brown.

Azu a City—H. H. McCutchan, Mrs. O. H. Bradley, Mrs. Jeffery.

Bellwood—Belle Wallace.

Bloomfield—Ollie Hutchinson.

Calabasas—Miss G. H. Mishler.

Cabuenga—B. W. Griffith, Louisa Foss.

Castac—M. A. Hillard.

Catalina—Mrs. M. P. Morris.

Cerritos—R. W. Jepson.

Cheney—Jessie Crable.

Coronado—Jacob C. Hill.

Coldwater—Josephine Endign.

Compton City—F. W. West, Helen M. Atwood, Mary H. Buckingham, Emma Barron, Mrs. Lida Crawford, Carrie B. McCoy, W. B. French.

Duarte—C. E. Locke, Martha J. McNair, Margaret Van Valkenburgh.

Eagle Rock—Mary E. Riley.

Elizabeth Lake—Mrs. Josephine Straine.

El Monte—Nellie M. White, Georgiana Eels.

Enterprise—A. Myer.

Evergreen—J. L. Smith, Lizzie M. Ralston, Dora A. Jones, Mrs. J. L. Smith.

Fairmont—May Case.

Farmdale—Helena Fleishman.

Felton—Hallie Bradshaw.

Florence—Mary McDonald.

Fruitland—W. T. Skilling.

Glendora—P. W. Kauffman, Mary Moody, Lizzie A. West.

Glen Meadows—C. A. Muller.

Harmony—R. F. Sallee, Mrs. C. Walden.

Hillside—H. H. Wright, Frances Gearhart, May Gearhart.

Hudson—M. Deamond.

Hyde Park—Hattie McLellan.

Inglewood—Miss R. E. Grimm.

Irvine—N. Louise Davis.

La Bolla—Fred A. Seavey, Miss Alice J. Groves.

La Dow—J. L. Large.

La Canada—Estelle Paiton.

La Libre—G. W. Sage.

Lamanda Park—S. F. DePenser.

Lancaster—W. H. Holland.

Lancaster—M. B. Williams.

Las Virgenes—Miss Canfield.

Laurel—Rosalia E. Cowan.

Lincoln—Cora B. Merritt.

Lima—Eva N. Holt.

Long Beach—C. D. Tucker, G. S. Trowbridge, Mary C. Bray, Maude Boyle.

Long Beach—Edwin Clark.

Los Nietos—A. Carmichael, Annie Reynolds.

Lugo—S. O. Long.

Monrovia—Jas. A. Foshay, W. R. MacCulloch, M. Louise Hutchinson, Mrs. Alice L. Gregory.

San Fernando—W. H. McMillion, Ada C. Skofstad.

San Geronimo—Emma Goch.

Mad Spring—J. Byrne.

Maywood—E. D. McNeur.

Norwalk—Fred A. Hazzard, Florence Longley, H. D. Kinney.

Orange—Mrs. V. P. S. Zumwaldt.

Palms—L. L. Long.

Palm Springs—Rosa Hanna.

Lordsburg—W. R. Holliday, Minnie E. Egan, Ada Marsh.

San Fernando—L. J. Spencer, Frances M. Platt.

San Gabriel—William B. Frackleton, Eliza Quinn, Corinne King.

San Pedro—John C. Kehan, Mrs. F. H. Williams, Joseph D. Connor, May King.

Santa Anita—Mrs. R. M. Dixon, Abbie M. Michaels, Mary E. Jones.

Santa Susana—Kate Hamilton.

Savannah—Melvinia Jones, Louise Knecht.

Sepulveda—W. R. Chandler, Mary A. Bright, Louella Maden, May Stanbury.

Sherman—Mattie Adair, Mrs. C. L. Williams.

South Pasadena City—George W. Wilson, Miss M. E. Synder, Ara Higgins, Sulphur Springs—A. Oberria.

Tujunga—Mary E. Levan.

The Palms—M. E. Leonard, S. A. Lowe.

The Pass—Mary Panman.

Woodbury—LeRoy D. Brown, N. F. Smith, Hanna T. Swanwick, Louise

Lyde, Florence Darby, Mabel Davison, Carrie Atkinson, Hattie Bowles.

University—Edward Hutchinson, Annie Fields, Mrs. Carrie Ledford, Mary A. Davis.

Vermilion—Cora B. Haddock.

Vernon—Ada Dryden, Josephine Dryden, Cora E. Barton.

Vineland—Ina Wright.

Vineland—Mrs. Annie Deuel.

West—Vernon—James N. Pemberton, E. M. Coble, Mrs. M. M. Hewes.

Wilming—Charles E. Latham, Miss M. Downing, Miss L. L. Lauberstein, Minnie Stout.

Citrus High School—Philip Eden.

Pasadena City—Will S. Monroe, James D. Graham, Mrs. Theodore Coleman, A. L. Hamilton, L. L. Evans, Hanna Yonker, Frances J. Fraser, Lydia A. Burson, Lucy Anderson, Mary M. Smith, Imelda E. Brown, Casper W. Hodson, Carrie J. Lang, Agnes Elliott, Mabel Carter, Harris, Jessie, R. Mitchell, Sara L. Prentiss, Marie A. Ney, Helen Crittenden, E. L. Brundage, F. Hobes, Minnie Martin, Georgia H. Mitchell, Marin Adela, C. Cleveland, W. H. House, A. E. E. Robinson, Ida Robinson, Lillie Dunn, A. Steven, Charles C. Bill, Ella G. Wood, Hattie C. Stacey, W. P. Hammond, Mrs. Housh.

Pico—Ava K. Way.

Pomona—F. A. Molneaux, Mattie Reed.

Katherine A. Fall, Mrs. E. A. Brink, Ellen N. Parsons, Ada M. Miner, Katherine L. Parsons, Emma Thompson, Mary Estes, Harriet Palmer, Mrs. Nellie D. Bill, Alice Bailey, Carrie Neukom, Lillie R. Hill, Florence Cromer, Opal McGaughay, Cora Buja, Lulu Snook, Angie Farnsworth, Jessie F. Rubton.

Providence—Charles Miller, Marie White, Ranchito—F. W. Guthrie, Mrs. E. W. Givens.

Redondo—E. P. Bowell, Mrs. E. P. Bowell, Libbie Murray.

Riverside—W. S. Bailey, Mrs. Minnie McFarland.

Rosebud—Rufus A. Frost, Emma Granet, Mary Cowan, Fannie Hayes, Ella J. Cooney, Minnie Walker, Libbie Mosher, Clara Young.

Puente—T. J. Scully, J. J. Bodkin, Nellie Barracough.

RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

Arrival of H. E. Huntington from the East.

THE CIVIL WAR.

The Government's History of the Mighty Struggle.

Something About a Great Work—Its Magnitude and Usefulness.

How Old Soldiers Can Obtain the Official Records

Relating to the Services of Their Own Commands at Small Expense—Volumes Covering Important Campaigns.

WASHINGTON, March 29, 1892.—[Special Correspondence of The Times.] The "Official Records of the War and of the Rebellion," now being printed by the Government at Washington, is probably the most extensive publication upon a single subject ever attempted. Already seventy-four large volumes, averaging over 1000 pages each, and three parts of the atlas intended to accompany the work, have been issued. This publication is divided into four series, but series 1 is the only one of the four that is of general interest to the public, and consists of the reports, correspondence, orders, etc., of the commanders of both the Union and Confederate generals in the field during the war, to which are added all other official documents emanating from officers, both civil and military, on both sides, which can in any possible manner explain the policy or motives of the two governments in the prosecution of the war—all arranged by campaigns, in chronological order—the Union reports appearing first in the volumes and the Confederate papers following immediately thereafter.

It is possible that at some time in the past a more extensive publication was in existence. I have a faint recollection of having read, at some time in my life, of a novel or history said to have been in the possession of the ancient Greeks, which consisted of 8000 volumes, and it is possible that such a book may have existed, but the books of the ancients were not to be compared with those of modern times in compactness of arrangement, or the various forms of condensation now available. It has been estimated that the Iliad of Homer in ancient times made twenty-four books or volumes, while the modern printer can readily put the whole poem in a small octavo volume. The volumes of the war records are printed in large government octavo form, which is considerably longer and wider than the so-called octavos of the modern publisher; and if the 180 or 140 volumes which it is expected the four series of this work will make when completed could be reproduced in the hieroglyphic rolls of the ancients, they would form a small library of not less than 8500 books, and greatly exceed the largest publication of antiquity; and when we read of the large libraries said to have been accumulated by the Greeks and others, thousands of years ago, this fact of modern nineteenth century condensation should be kept in mind.

The individual who conceived the idea of printing these records, built better than he knew. Besides forming an invaluable history, it also constitutes a most valuable text or reference book for the use of the officials who have charge of the investigation of claims against the Government, and I understand that in the Attorney-General's office these volumes are found indispensable. In the Treasury—which department really supervises the action of all the other departments in the adjudication of claims—it has become a most convenient and reliable authority on many questions growing out of claims for losses of property during the war, and has probably already saved the Government many times the cost of its publication.

As I said above, this work is probably the most extensive ever undertaken, but its value to future generations can scarcely be estimated. It is the faithful and unbiased account by eye-witnesses of one of the greatest epochs in the history of a great Government—an epoch or era as important as the American Revolution, and might with propriety be called the romance of the American people. In some respects it is probably more important than the revolutionary struggle itself, as its favorable termination to the Union cause resulted in the freedom of 4,000,000 of human beings who had been held in bondage by a Government which declared in its Bill of Rights that "all men are created equal."

The preparation of this history of the great Rebellion was commenced more than twenty-five years ago, and a large force of clerks, under the direction of competent army officers, has been engaged from 1864 up to the present time in assorting, arranging and classifying the important papers which now form the text of this great work. It is to be regretted that the Confederate archives available for the purpose of illustrating and adding completeness to this official history are not more full. Every effort has been made by the board having charge of the publication to obtain all Confederate documents known to be in existence for the purpose of incorporating them in the volume, but all efforts until recently have failed to excite an interest in this direction in the Southern mind. This will greatly increase the value of the later volumes for historical purposes.

Unfortunately the great extent of the work places it beyond the reach of many of the old soldiers of the war. Series 1 (which is really the only part of the work of interest to the general public) will make about 1100 volumes, or books, consisting of about 1000 pages each. The average price of these volumes will be about 70 cents. Accompanying this series will be a very elaborate and beautifully printed atlas, or series of war maps, which will thoroughly illustrate the positions of the armies in the many encounters of the war. This atlas will comprise about 100 plates, or 200 pages of printed maps 18x80 inches.

The law providing for the printing of these records makes provision for the sale of a limited number of copies, and as each volume, with its parts, contains the history of a particular campaign or series of battles, skirmishes, etc., between the opposing armies, it is possible for an old soldier to provide himself with an authentic official history of the events in which he took a prominent part at a comparatively small cost; and for the information of those desiring to avail themselves of this privilege a list of the volumes already published, with the names of the more important battles, skirmishes, raids, expeditions, etc., in each will be given in another letter. All the first five volumes of the

work printed for sale and distribution have been disposed of, and no copies can now be obtained, except at second-hand bookstores, and they are very hard to find even at such places.

R. W. KERR.

[The volumes thus far issued are in possession of The Times.]

Shows About the City.

Carter H. Harrison, ex-Mayor of Chicago (eight years in office,) and editor of the Chicago Times; George F. Sugg, ex-city attorney, Chicago; and Will T. Ball, oil inspector of Chicago, were driven around the city by J. G. Griffith yesterday and finally landed at the Chamber of Commerce delighted with what they saw. They leave for Coronado this morning.

ON A FOREST TRAIL.

LIEUT. SCHWATKA AND PARTY ON BRITISH SOIL.

They Meet With Indians for Juncane—A Scarcity of Provisions Causes Some Alarm Among the Members of the Expedition.

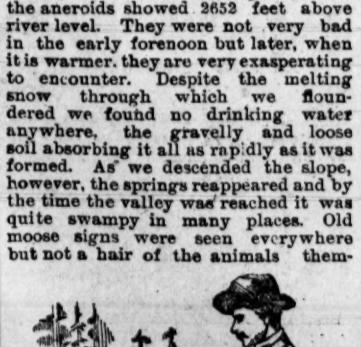
No. 4—International Press Association. British NORTHWEST TERRITORY, June 9, 1891.—The half day's rest at the pole-bridge camp also gave them another full day on June 6, caused by the packers losing the trail. A few miles beyond the pole bridge this trail splits into its two main branches, the north arm one whch we should not take being the shorter and terminating in my old explorations of 1883, at a large lake (Takou) near the head of the Yukon. This northern trail is now very seldom



SECOND POLE BRIDGE. travelled by the Indians, as the fur-bearing country it taps is given up wholly to the Chilkats, who reach it by another trail. The weather was yet heavy and threatening the morning of the 6th, as we go' way. The white men had been ob' to repair the pole bridge the ev'g before, the rains having brought in driftwood that damaged it. It was a good morning for dusky grouse on the trail and a number were secured with the Winchester shot-gun by members of the party. The junction of the two trails proved to be on a wide stretch of broken, angular gravel. The proper trail for us—the northeastern here led sharply up the mountain slope, the northern path being much the plainer of the two; hence our packers' mistake. These numerous gravel slides were exasperating to travel over. The gravel was of an uniform angular character as if it had come from a rock and intended for railway ballasting or the macadamizing of a road. Here was enough to have ballasted the whole length of the Canadian Pacific railway, the longest road in the world, and plenty to spare for constructing all the county roads that could be made in Yaqui county, Arizona, the largest in the United States. If a rail ever cuts through this country— I think not unlikely for reason a will give later—it certainly will be laid with this necessary and u—expensive material of construction.

As we rapidly ascended the mountain slope by a well defined trail after the gravel cones were left behind we had the best view of the country that the route had yet presented. Between the two trails lay a great bald mountain, with rounded top crowned with two conspicuous black objects, looking not unlike two houses, and these could be seen for miles on either side. I think they were huge erratic boulders even at this high altitude. I named this butte the "Trail Splitter," from its position with regard to the two trails already described. That night we camped on the high slope, 1,350 feet above the river, and where it was not easy work to find enough fat space to even make our beds, so as not to roll down the hill.

Sure enough "Robert" joined us as he had promised, and which I had hardly expected from the great distance he had had to travel. At this camp the Indians found a small pine squirrel the stunted spruce, and the way they turned out en masse after it would have led one to believe that they were on the verge of starvation. After an exciting chase of ten minutes or so they secured the two-ounce affair and proceeded to cook it. I knew a native, at another time, to shoot out with a 10-gauge Winchester shotgun, the cartridge used weighing more than the carcass. There were a great many snowbanks on the trail the next forenoon (7th) which still led upward until the aneroids showed 2652 feet above river level. They were not very bad in the early forenoon but later, when it is warmer, they are very exasperating to encounter. Despite the melting snow through which we found no drinking water, the gravelly and loose soil absorbing it all as rapidly as it was formed. As we descended the slope, however, the springs reappeared and by the time the valley was reached it was quite swampy in many places. Old mouse signs were seen everywhere but not a hair of the animals them-



INDIAN BOY PACKER, DR. RAYES.

selves. In certain low swampy localities probably the mosquitoes and gnats drive them to the higher, cooler altitudes.

Early that afternoon we came to an open but brushy country covered with a kind here known as "moose-bush." It is much harder to

dense, than any other kind I know, and it requires a skilled backwoodsman indeed to follow a trail through it unless very well traveled. In another hour the moose-bush had disappeared and a beautiful park country stretched out ahead of us. It was on the summit between two forks of the Takou and, while pleasing to the eye as it broke on us, we found it marshy enough under foot. Here is a large shallow lake, draining both ways, and on its shores were camped Indians who were outward bound to trade furs at Juncane. Near them our own Indians had camped in order to trade for moccasins with the others, their own being about worn out. For some time there had been growing complaints in anticipation of the Indian food supply running low. They had brought it only about a week's supply, an amount which they can easily dispose of in half that time, and certain kinds were now running out. They were especially pathetic over sugar, a luxury that they seldom had but which now, singularly enough, seemed indispensable. A moose, or a couple of caribou, which we had every right to expect, would have settled the question for probably the whole portage, but the chances for game seemed to be fading faster every day. So when "Robert" asserted that it would yet take six days to reach the big lake, where the packers' contracts ended, they decided to send one member back to the head of canoe navigation after food, while they would divide his pack among them and follow the trail until he overtook them, while I agreed to feed them from my own supplies until then. "Paddy," a good-natured Takon of fat, squat proportions was selected for the return and I curled up the corners of his mouth by giving him an extra pair of moccasins to make it in. He got away early next morning but the packers were much slower in getting "a move on them." They were back in less than two hours, having made only a short distance, "Paddy's" load appearing extra burdensome added among them. They reported a number of white grouse (partridge) as having been seen in the open places, but we saw none later. Near the trail we saw a beautiful, bubbling spring boiling two or three inches above the level in its center. Its water was ice-cold, however, and it was the only one of the kind that we saw in the whole trip.

About the middle of the forenoon we came to a large party of fur-traders on their way to Juncane and there was no mistaking their brand, for every one of them was loaded with furs. There was an Indian boy about 12 years old, who had a pack of them nearly as big as himself. I estimated its weight at a fair forty pounds, while others thought it might be even fifty. This little fellow seemed proud of his burden as we inspected it and even his father seemed happy though married, for he had three wives. Just before noon we reached the next fork of the Takou at a second pole bridge, it, too, being thrown over a foaming, ardent. From this point on the two trails rejoined before the big lake was reached. The usual load led over a high ridge of mountains that at this time of year was liable to be seriously obstructed with snow, while the other,



FALLS NEAR THIRD POLE BRIDGE.

although being the longer, simply kept lower and avoided much of it. All he outgoings of Indians for traders advised us earnestly to take the lower trail, which we did. There was but little trouble in finding it, but as the upper one was the plainer, signs had to be left so that "Paddy" would not go astray. That afternoon I shot a dusky grouse, and about the same time we lost the new trail for quite a while.

We now crossed many boggy swamplains, half a foot or so below the surface, were solid ice. The bunch grass in them gave the hardest walking of all. The black, swollen ankles at night showed plainly how it told on the heavily laden packer. Rabbit signs being numerous brought out the curious story from the Indians, that about every seven years these little animals have a period of maximum or minimum numbers. If this is so, we had probably struck the minimum period, not only for the rabbits, but of all other game that indulges in variable quantities; and that the signs hung over from the maximum. We had really seen game signs enough to have supplied a battle by fair hunting, and to justify keeping out guards to prevent them running over the camp, but outside of the gutta-percha goat and some wrought iron grouse we had tasted no fresh meat so far.

Before starting the next morning the Indians sent up signal smoke to guide "Paddy" on the trail. The third pole bridge, over a most furious cascade was passed soon after. All that day we were plowing through moose-brush and floundering through marshy parks. The Indian trail seemed to prefer the bog to the solid ground with its matted brush. Along the way, at every rest, signal smoke were sent up for Paddy, the packets mostly covered with waterproof canvas suffering several holes as the result of the falling sparks. We now encountered a low, trailing plant, known as Hudson bay tea, that afterward remained abundantly with us. It is said that it makes an infusion similar to cleopatra flavored with nutgalls, but this flattering description did not tempt us to try it.

That night we camped in a forest of dead, burnt timber which, rotting as it stood, showed that the locality was not given to gales. Just as a couple of Indians were starting back to look up "Paddy" that individual, covered with smiles, hove in sight. He had easily ridged himself by the smoke and fires and was loaded with "grub"—the Indian's only idea of the English language for food. That night the camp was a happy one. FREDERICK SCHWATKA.

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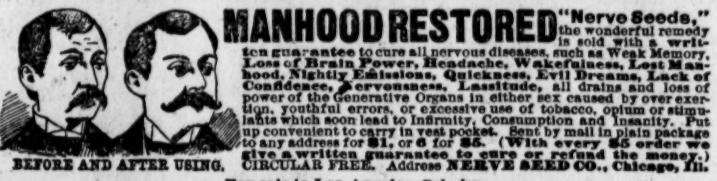
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BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

LOS ANGELES, April 4, 1892.
Arrivals of fresh eggs were light today and prices advanced. The supplies on hand have been pretty well cleared out and eggs this afternoon were scarce. Some sales were made as high as 20c, but most transactions were at 18c, and the latter figures about represent the real market price.

There was a firmer tone in the butter market today. Sales of fancy rolls were generally at or near 40c, which has been the top price for some time past.

Poultry is somewhat scarce, but prices are unchanged.

The Mark Lane Express in its weekly review says: "There is an average decline of 1s in English and foreign wheats. California caravans are pressed for sale at 3s 9d. American flour has lost 1s. Corn was weak; American on passage, 20s. Barley was depressed; foreign grinding, 21s. At today's market English and American flour dropped 6d."

The following is a statement of the visible supply of grain on Saturday, April 4, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange:

	Increase.	Decrease.
Wheat...	41,028,000	39,000
Corn...	11,585,000	6,616,000
Oats...	1,000,000	100,000
Rye...	1,633,000	59,000
Barley...	919,000	175,000

Money, Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The stock market today displayed considerable recuperative powers despite the efforts of the bears to get prices down in the late trading. Market gains were the rule at the close. Delaware and Hudson is up 33c, Sugar, 2%; Lackawanna and Northwestern, each 1%; Atchison, 1%.

Government bonds easier, dull.

NEW YORK, April 4.—MONEY.—On call, easy; closing offered at 2 per cent.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—3½%.

STERLING EXCHANGE FIRM; 60-day bills, demand, 4½%; 60 days, 5%.

London, April 4, 4 p.m.—Closing: Consols—Money, 96 3-16; account, 98 4.

New York Stocks and Bonds.

[In the quotations below, where two sets of figures appear, thus: "Central Pacific, 34½-3½," the first figures refer to the noon quotations and the last to the closing quotations.]

NEW YORK, April 4.

	North Am...	14½	
Atchison...	36½%	14½	
Art. Oil...	16½%	10½	
Atm. & C. Co...	11½	Or. Nav...	14½
Can. Pac...	58	Or. S. L...	24
Can. South...	60%	Pull. Palace...	93
Cen. Pac...	80%	Pac. 6's...	109
CB&Q. 10½-10½	107%	P. Mail...	35%
Del. Lack...	55%	Reading...	57
D. & G...	17½	R. G. W...	75
D. & G. P'd...	5½	R. W. W. P'd...	75
D. & G. P...	40%	R. G. W. 1's...	75
Erie...	30%	Rock I...	80%
Ken. & Tex...	16	St. P. & O...	40%
Lake Shore...	31%	St. Paul...	77½
Louis & Nash...	73½	Tex. Pac...	10½-15
Lead. Trus...	10%	Terminal...	10%
Mich. Cen...	119½	U. S. Ex...	45
Mo. Pac...	58½	U. S. 2's reg...	100
N. Pac...	22½%	U. S. 2's cont...	11½
N. W. P'd...	62	U. P...	33½-34
N. W. P...	40	W. Union...	87½-94
N.Y.C...	14½-14	W. Fargo...	143

*Bid.

New York Mining Stocks.

	Homestake...	13 00	
Con. Cal. & Va 80	Goldwood...	2 00	
Deadwood...	Horn Silver...	3 00	
Eureka Con...	Ontario...	41 00	
Gould & Cur...	Sierra Nevada...	25	
Hall. & Nov...	Standard...	1 40	
Yellow Jacket...	Upton Con...	10	
H. & Bel...	W. Union...	1 70	
Chollar...	Plymouth...	1 70	
Calcutta...	Mexican...	1 80	
Ophir...	1 75		

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

	San Francisco, April 4.	100
Belcher...	Photos...	1 25
Best & Bel...	Ophir...	3 00
Chollar...	Savage...	1 50
Cor...	Sherman...	50
Confidence...	Union Con...	1 50
Gold & Cur...	Yellow Jack...	1 10
Hale & Nov...	Crocker...	0 50
Peerless...	Peer...	0 50
	Bar Silver...	

San Francisco, April 4.—BAR SILVER—87½-88%.

San Francisco, April 4.—MEXICAN DOLLAARS—71½-72%.

NEW YORK, April 4.—BAR SILVER—89% per ounce.

Boston Stocks.

BOSTON, April 4.—CLOSING: Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, 38%; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 108%; Mexican Central, 18%; San Diego, 15%; Bell Telephone, 94.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

Grain.

CHICAGO, April 4.—WHEAT was steady. The market opened unchanged to 1½ lower, declined 1½ on decrease of anti-option legislation and weaker cables; advanced 1½ on good buying and reports of the blizzard in the Northwest, stormy weather in the southwest and decrease in the visible supply and reduced stocks in the country; declined ½, closed steady and ½ higher than Saturday.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS: WHEAT—STEADY; cash 78½; May, 78.

COTTON—FIRM; cash, 38%; May, 39%.

OATS—FIRM; cash, 28%; May, 28%.

RYES—75.

BARLEY—Nominal, 52.

FLAX—90%.

LIVERPOOL, April 4.—WHEAT—Demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 7s 4½d; dull; spring unchanged.

COFFEE—Demand poor for spot and good for futures; spot, 4s 3d; dull; April, 4s 2d; steady; May, 4s 2d; steady; June, 3s 1½d; steady.

LARD—PRIME WESTERN, 33s, 2½d per cwt.

Dry Salt Meats.

CHICAGO, April 4.—DRY SALTED MEATS—Short ribs, firm; cash, 55%; shoulders, 4.50@5.00; short clear, 6.17@6.20.

POK...

CHICAGO, April 4.—LARD—FIRM; cash, 6.15; May, 6.20.

CHICAGO, April 4.—LARD—FIRM; cash, 6.15; May, 6.20.

CHICAGO, April 4.—WHISKY—Quoted at 1.13.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK, April 4.—PETROLEUM—Closed May, 55%.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, April 4.—COFFEE—Options closed steady; 100s down; sales, 14,500 bags April, 12,000@12.55; May, 12.55@12.65; June, 12.25@12.30; September, 12.05@12.20; December, 11.80@12.00; spot, 10 nominal, 14.

SUGAR—Raw, firm; quiet; fair refining, 2½%; centrifugals 96% test, 3%; refined, quiet, steady.

IRON—IRON—Quiet; American, 14.75@16.25.

COPPER—Quiet; lake, 11.75 bid.

LEAD—DULL; domestic, 4.20@4.25.

tin—Strong; straits, 19.85 bid.

HORN—FIRM.

Wool.

BOSTON, April 4.—WOOL—Demand for wool is steady; territory on scoured basis, 58 for fine; 55@57, fine medium; 50@53, medium; California, 15@22; Oregon, dull. NEW YORK, April 4.—WOOL—EASY; domestic, 28@35.

Livestock Market.

CHICAGO, April 4.—CATTLE—The receipts were 16,000; market steady to a shade stronger; good to prime steers, 3.75@4.25; others, 3.75@4.25; Texas, 3.40.

HOGS—The receipts were 26,000; market opened slow, lower; closed firmer; rough and common, 4.00@4.50; mixed and packers, 4.65@4.75; prime, heavy and butchers' weight, 4.75@5.80; light, 4.65@4.80.

SWINE—The receipts were 5,000; market slow, lower; ewes, 4.50@4.75; mixed, 5.50@5.75; wethers, 5.75@6.25; westerns, 6.00@6.40.

San Francisco Markets.

San Francisco, April 4.—[Special to the Times.] The vegetable market was quiet for green stuff today. Receipts were

liberal and the prices easier. Asparagus was firmer. Tomatoes and rhubarb are both scarce, particularly the latter, as a strong shipping demand from the north exhausted the supplies.

The fruit market was very dull. Apples and oranges continue in over-supply and stocks were augmented by the receipt of three carloads of the former and one car of the latter.

Dried fruit, with the exception of a good demand for raisins, was little change. Strawberries are in more liberal supply, eleven carloads coming to hand this morning.

The market for dairy produce remained in the same condition as during the past week. Butter was a little firmer, but supplies are still ample. Eggs are scarce and much firmer.

Produce.

San Francisco, April 4.—WHEAT—Was easier; buyer season, 1.53%; seller, 92, 1.58%.

BALLET—Easier; buyer season, 1.01%; seller's new, 88%.

CORN—1.37%.

FRUITS.

APPLES—Common to fair, 50c@1.00 per box; good to fancy, red, 1.25@2.00 per box.

CRAB APPLES—75c@1.25.

PEARS—50c@1.75.

PRUNES—50c@1.75.

PERIMONDS—75c@1.25 per box.

LEMONS—Sicily, 5.50@6.50; California, 1.00@1.50 for common and 1.75@2.00 per box for good to choice.

ORANGES—Vaccarie water, 50c@1.00 per box; Los Angeles seedlings, 1.00@2.00; small, 1.25@2.25 per box; San Bernardino Navels, 3.00@4.00; Florida, 5.00 per box; Vaccarie, 50c@1.00 per box; Mandarin, 75c@1.25 per box.

BANANAS—1.50@2.50 per bunch.

PINEAPPLES—6.00@8.00 per dozen.

CHERRIES—8.50@10.00 per bbl.

STRAWBERRIES—75c@1.25 per drawer.

Dried Fruits.

APRICOTS—Blanched, 50c@75c per pound; sun-dried, 3½@4.

APPLES—Evaporated in boxes, 4½@5½c; sliced, 3½@4½c; quartered, 2½@3½c.

PEARS—Evaporated for preserved; 3½@4c for sliced, and 2½@4c for quartered.

FICUS—4½@5c for pressed and 3½@4c for unpressed.

PRUNES—4½@7c per pound; German, 4½@6c.

PLUMS—Plotted, 4½@4½c; unpitted, 2½@3½c.

PEACHES—Blanched, 4½@5½c; peeled, 50c@6½c; peeled, 1½@1½c; sun-dried, 2½@3½c for white, and 2½@4c for reds.

RASPBERRIES—Layers, fancy, 1.20@1.35 per box; good to choice, 90@110. with the usual advance for fractional boxes; Muscatels, 6.00@7.00 per box, and 2½@3½c per pound for sacks.

GREEN PEPPERS—Los Angeles, 20c@25c per pound.

VEGETABLES—Cabbages, per box, 1.25@1.50c; tomatoes, 1.25@1.75 per box; beets, 60c@75c per cental.

CARROTS—Feed, 40c@50c per cental.

CUCUMBERS—50c@1.00 per dozen.

CARROTS—50c.

CARROTS—50c@1.25 per dozen.

CARROTS—50c@1.25 per dozen.